

PROSPECTUS

AUGUST 1, 2026



Sit U.S. Government Securities Fund

Class S - SNGVX

Class Y - SNGYX

Sit Quality Income Fund

Class S - SQIFX

Class Y - SQIYX

Sit Tax-Free Income Fund

Class S - SNTIX

Class Y - SNTYX

Sit Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund

Class S - SMTFX

This Prospectus describes four bond funds that are a part of the Sit Mutual Fund family of no-load mutual funds offering a selection of Funds, each with a distinctive investment objective and risk/reward profile.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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SUMMARY INFORMATION

SIT U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Sit U.S. Government Securities Fund (the “Fund”) seeks high current income and safety of principal.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables or the examples below.

	Class S	Class Y
Shareholder Fees <i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>	None	None
Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>		
Management Fees	0.80%	0.55%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.80%	0.55%

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It assumes that you invest \$10,000 in Class S shares of the Fund and \$1,000,000 in Class Y shares of the Fund for the time periods indicated, that your investment has a 5% return each year, that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same, and that you redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. Although your actual costs and returns may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
Class S	\$82	\$256	\$446	\$993
Class Y	\$5,638	\$17,674	\$30,802	\$69,070

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transactions costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses in the example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 12.51% of the average value of the portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing exclusively in U.S. government securities, which are securities issued, guaranteed or insured by the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities.

The Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in pass-through securities. Pass-through securities are formed when mortgages or other debt instruments are pooled together and undivided interests in the pool are sold to investors, such as the Fund. Pass-through securities in which the Fund invests include mortgage-backed securities such as those issued by Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC). GNMA is an agency of the U.S. government and its securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. FNMA and FHLMC are U.S. government sponsored enterprises and their securities are backed by their credit. Other types of U.S. government securities in which the Fund may invest include U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. government agency collateralized mortgage obligations and other U.S. government agency securities.

In selecting securities for the Fund, Sit Investment Associates, Inc. (the “Adviser”) seeks securities providing high current income relative to yields currently available in the market. In making purchase and sales decisions for the Fund, the Adviser considers its economic outlook and interest rate forecast, as well as its evaluation of a security’s prepayment risk, yield, maturity, and liquidity.

The Adviser attempts to maintain an average effective duration for the portfolio of approximately 0 to 5 years. Duration is a measure of total price sensitivity relative to changes in interest rates. For example, if interest rates rise by 1%, the market value of a security with an effective duration of 3 years would decrease by 3%, with all other factors being constant. Portfolios with longer durations are typically more sensitive to changes in interest rates. The Adviser may hedge the Fund’s duration by investing in interest rate futures and options, but not in excess of 5% of the Fund’s net assets.

The Fund’s dollar-weighted average maturity will, under normal market conditions, range between 15 and 25 years. However, since the Fund’s securities are subject to various types of call provisions which make their expected average lives shorter than their stated maturity dates, the Adviser believes that the Fund’s average effective duration is a more accurate measure of the Fund’s price sensitivity to changes in interest rates than the Fund’s dollar-weighted average maturity.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT RISKS

As with all mutual funds investing in bonds, the price and yield of the Fund may change daily due to interest rate changes and other factors. You could lose money by investing in the Fund.

The principal risks of investing in the Fund are listed below. Different risks may be more significant at different times, depending on market conditions or other factors.

- > **Interest Rate Risk:** The value of fixed income securities fluctuates as a result of the inverse relationship between the market value of outstanding fixed income securities and changes in interest rates. An increase in interest rates will generally reduce the market value of fixed income investments and a decline in interest rates will tend to increase their value. The Fund may face a heightened level of interest rate risk in times of monetary policy change and/or uncertainty, such as when the Federal Reserve Board adjusts a quantitative easing program and/or changes rates. A changing interest rate environment increases certain risks, including the potential for periods of volatility, increased redemptions, shortened durations (i.e., prepayment risk) and extended durations (i.e., extension risk).
- > **Income Risk:** Income received from the Fund may vary widely over the short- and long-term and/or be less than anticipated if the proceeds from maturing securities in the Fund are reinvested in lower-yielding securities.
- > **Prepayment and Extension Risk:** Declining interest rates may compel borrowers to prepay mortgages and debt obligations underlying the mortgage-backed securities owned by the Fund. The proceeds received by the Fund from prepayments will likely be reinvested at interest rates lower than the original investment, thus resulting in a reduction of income to the Fund. Likewise, rising interest rates could reduce prepayments and extend the life of securities with lower interest rates, which may increase the sensitivity of the Fund’s value to rising interest rates.
- > **Credit Risk:** The issuers or guarantors of securities (including U.S. government agencies and instrumentalities issuing securities

that are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government) owned by the Fund may default on the payment of principal or interest, or the other party to a contract may default on its obligations to the Fund, causing the value of the Fund to decrease.

- > **Market Risk:** The market value of securities may fall, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably. These declines may be due to factors affecting a particular issuer, or the result of, among other things, political, regulatory, market, economic or social developments affecting the market(s) generally. Local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, other armed conflicts, tariffs, the spread of infectious illness, epidemics or other public health issues, recessions, market instability, or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments and potentially increase the risks described herein.
- > **Liquidity Risk:** The reduction in market making capacity and other market events has the potential to decrease liquidity and increase price volatility in the fixed income markets in which the Fund invests, particularly during periods of economic or market stress. As a result of this decreased liquidity, the Fund may have to accept a lower price to sell a security, sell other securities to raise cash, or give up an investment opportunity, any of which could have a negative effect on performance. If the Fund needed to sell large blocks of bonds to meet shareholder redemption requests or to raise cash, those sales could further reduce the bonds' prices and hurt performance.
- > **Reinvestment Risk:** Income from the Fund's debt securities portfolio will decline if and when the Fund invests the proceeds from matured, traded or called securities in securities with market interest rates that are below the current earnings rate of the Fund's portfolio.
- > **Valuation Risk:** The Fund may hold securities for which prices from pricing services may be unavailable or are deemed unreliable, in which case the Fund's procedures for valuing investments provide that the Adviser shall use the fair value of such securities for valuing investments. There is a risk that the fair value determined by the Adviser or the price determined by the pricing service may be different than the actual sale prices of such securities.
- > **U.S. Government Securities Risk:** Securities purchased by the Fund issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) are neither issued nor guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury and, therefore, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. There is a risk that the U.S. government will not provide financial support to U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities if it is not obligated to do so by law.
- > **Mortgage-Backed Securities Risk:** The value of the Fund's mortgage-backed securities may be affected by factors including changes in interest rates, the market value of the underlying assets, and the creditworthiness of the issuer or entities that provide credit enhancements. Mortgage-backed securities are subject to prepayment risk, and the impact of prepayments on the value of mortgage-backed securities may be difficult to predict and may result in greater volatility.
- > **Derivatives Risk:** The Fund may incur losses from its investments in options, futures, and options on futures. Investments in such derivative instruments may result in losses exceeding the amounts invested. The Fund may use derivatives for hedging purposes. Compared to conventional securities, derivatives can be more sensitive to changes in interest rates or to sudden fluctuations in market prices and thus the Fund's losses may be greater if it invests in derivatives than if it invests only in conventional securities. Derivatives can be illiquid and difficult to value. A derivative transaction also involves the risk that a loss may be sustained as a result of the failure of the counterparty to the contract to make required payments.
- > **Investment Company Risk:** To the extent that the Fund invests in shares of another investment company, it will indirectly absorb its pro rata share of such investment company's operating expenses, including investment advisory and administrative fees, which will reduce the Fund's return on such investment relative to investment alternatives that do not include such expenses. In addition, the ability of the Fund to achieve its investment objective will partially depend upon the ability of the acquired fund to achieve its investment objective.
- > **Management Risk:** A strategy used by the investment management team may not produce the intended results.
- > **Temporary Investment Risk:** The Fund may hold cash and/or invest all or a portion of its assets in short-term obligations in response to adverse market, economic or other conditions when the investment management team believes that it is in the best interest of the Fund to pursue such a defensive strategy. The Fund may not achieve its investment objective when it holds cash or invests its assets in short-term obligations.
- > **Cybersecurity Risk:** Cybersecurity breaches may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to Fund assets, shareholder data, or proprietary information, or cause the Fund and/or its service providers to suffer data corruption or lose operational functionality. The issuers of securities in which the Fund invests are also subject to cybersecurity risks, and the value of these securities could decline if the issuers experience cyber attacks or other cybersecurity breaches.

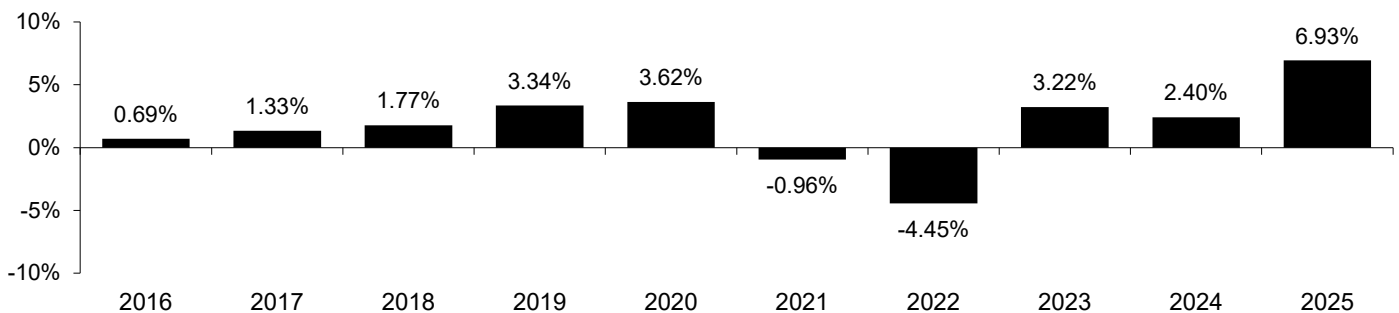
HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE

The following tables provide information on the Fund's volatility and performance. The Fund's past performance before and after taxes is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. The bar chart below is intended to provide you with an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year for Class S shares.

The table below compares the Fund's performance over different time periods to that of a broad-based securities market index and a more narrowly-based index that reflects the market sectors in which the Fund invests (each, an "Index"). The table includes returns both before and after taxes. After-tax returns are calculated using historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. After-tax returns are shown for Class S shares only. After-tax returns for Class Y shares will differ.

The performance information reflects Fund expenses, and assumes that all distributions have been reinvested. Each Index is an unmanaged index, has no expenses, and it is not possible to invest directly in an index. Updated performance information is available at www.sitfunds.com or by calling 800-332-5580.

Annual Total Returns for calendar years ended December 31 (Class S)



The Fund's year-to-date return as of 6/30/26 (not annualized) was 0.83%.

Best Quarter: 4.35% (4Q23)

Worst Quarter: -2.98% (3Q22)

Average Annual Total Returns for periods ended December 31, 2025

Sit U.S. Government Securities Fund	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Class S Return before taxes (inception 6/2/87)	6.93%	1.35%	1.75%
Class S Return after taxes on distributions	5.29%	(0.22)%	0.80%
Class S Return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares*	4.08%	0.53%	0.92%
Class Y Return before taxes (inception 1/1/20)	7.20%	1.61%	N/A
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index ⁽¹⁾ (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	7.30%	(0.36)%	2.01%
Bloomberg Intermediate Government Bond Index ⁽²⁾ (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	6.50%	0.64%	1.76%

⁽¹⁾ A broad-based securities market index that represents the overall domestic debt markets.

⁽²⁾ A more narrowly-based index that reflects the market sectors in which the Fund invests.

INVESTMENT ADVISER AND PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

Sit Investment Associates, Inc. serves as the Fund's investment adviser. The Fund's investment decisions are made by a team of portfolio managers and analysts who are jointly responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund.

The primary portfolio managers of the Fund are:

Bryce A. Doty, Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since 1995.

Mark H. Book, Vice President and Portfolio Manager, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since 2002.

Christopher M. Rasmussen, Vice President and Portfolio Manager, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since August 2025.

Andrew J. Tich, Vice President and Portfolio Manager, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since August 2025.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The minimum initial investment for Class S shares of the Fund is \$5,000, and the minimum initial investment for Class Y shares of the Fund is \$1,000,000. The minimum subsequent investment for either share class is \$100. The Fund's shares are redeemable. In general, you may buy or redeem shares of the Fund on any business day by mail (Sit Mutual Funds, P.O. Box 534459, Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4459), by phone (1-800-332-5580), or online if your account has online privileges (www.sitfunds.com).

For additional information, please see "Buying and Selling Shares" in the Prospectus.

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account.

Distributions paid from any interest income and from any short-term or long-term capital gains will be taxable whether you reinvest those distributions or receive them in cash. Distributions paid from a Fund's net long-term capital gains, if any, are generally taxable to you as long-term capital gains, regardless of how long you have held your shares.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund's shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or financial adviser), the financial intermediary may impose account charges. The Fund and its related companies may also pay that intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your intermediary or visit your intermediary's website for more information.

SUMMARY INFORMATION

SIT QUALITY INCOME FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Sit Quality Income Fund (the “Fund”) seeks high current income and safety of principal.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables or the examples below.

	Class S	Class Y
Shareholder Fees (<i>fees paid directly from your investment</i>)	None	None
Annual Fund Operating Expenses (<i>expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment</i>)		
Management Fees	0.80%	0.55%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses ⁽¹⁾	0.01%	0.01%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.81%	0.56%

⁽¹⁾ The total annual fund operating expenses do not correlate to the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Fund’s Financial Highlights, which does not include Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses represent fees and expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund as a result of its investment in shares of investment companies.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It assumes that you invest \$10,000 in Class S shares of the Fund and \$1,000,000 in Class Y shares of the Fund for the time periods indicated, that your investment has a 5% return each year, that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same, and that you redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example reflects the current fee waiver in effect for the 1 Year period. Although your actual costs and returns may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
Class S	\$83	\$260	\$451	\$1,005
Class Y	\$5,740	\$17,993	\$31,355	\$70,292

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transactions costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses in the example, affect the Fund’s performance. The Fund may engage in active and frequent trading of portfolio securities to achieve its principal investment strategies. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 48.23% of the average value of the portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing under normal circumstances at least 80% of its assets in debt securities issued by the U.S. Government and its agencies, debt securities issued by corporations, and mortgage and other asset-backed securities.

The Fund invests at least 50% of its assets in U.S. government debt securities, which are securities issued, guaranteed or insured by the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities. The balance of the Fund's assets will be invested in investment grade debt securities issued by corporations and municipalities, and mortgage and other asset-backed securities. Investment grade debt securities are rated at the time of purchase within the top four rating categories by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization or of comparable quality as determined by the Adviser. The Fund's dollar-weighted average portfolio quality is expected to be "A" or better.

The U.S. government securities in which the Fund will invest include direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and securities issued or guaranteed by federal agencies or authorities and U.S. government-sponsored instrumentalities or enterprises. The Fund will invest in pass-through securities. Pass-through securities include mortgage-backed securities such as those issued by Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC). GNMA is an agency of the U.S. government and its securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. FNMA and FHLMC are U.S. government sponsored enterprises and their securities are backed by their credit.

The Fund may invest in debt securities described herein that have not been registered for sale under the Securities Act of 1933 pursuant to Rule 144A (Rule 144A securities) which are determined to be liquid by the Adviser.

The Fund may invest in open-end investment companies (mutual funds) and closed-end investment companies which invest in the same types of securities in which the Fund may invest directly.

In selecting securities for the Fund, the Adviser seeks securities providing relatively high current income. In making purchase and sales decisions for the Fund, the Adviser considers its economic outlook and interest rate forecast, as well as its evaluation of a security's credit quality, yield, maturity, liquidity and the security's sector.

The Adviser attempts to maintain an average effective duration for the portfolio of approximately 0 to 3 years. The Adviser's duration target within this range is based on its interest rate forecast. Duration is a measure of total price sensitivity relative to changes in interest rates. For example, if interest rates rise by 1%, the market value of a security with an effective duration of 3 years would decrease by 3%, with all other factors being constant. Portfolios with shorter durations are typically less sensitive to changes in interest rates. The Adviser currently hedges the Fund's duration by investing in interest rate futures and options, but not in excess of 5% of the Fund's net assets.

The Fund's dollar-weighted average maturity will, under normal market conditions, range between 5 and 10 years. However, since the Fund's securities are subject to various types of call provisions which make their expected average lives shorter than their stated maturity dates, the Adviser believes that the Fund's average effective duration is a more accurate measure of the Fund's price sensitivity to changes in interest rates than the Fund's dollar-weighted average maturity.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT RISKS

As with all mutual funds investing in bonds, the price and yield of the Fund may change daily due to interest rate changes and other factors. You could lose money by investing in the Fund.

The principal risks of investing in the Fund are listed below. Different risks may be more significant at different times, depending on market conditions or other factors.

- > **Interest Rate Risk:** The value of fixed income securities fluctuates as a result of the inverse relationship between the market value of outstanding fixed income securities and changes in interest rates. An increase in interest rates will generally reduce the market value of fixed income investments and a decline in interest rates will tend to increase their value. The Fund may face a

heightened level of interest rate risk in times of monetary policy change and/or uncertainty, such as when the Federal Reserve Board adjusts a quantitative easing program and/or changes rates. A changing interest rate environment increases certain risks, including the potential for periods of volatility, increased redemptions, shortened durations (i.e., prepayment risk) and extended durations (i.e., extension risk).

- > **Income Risk:** Income received from the Fund may vary widely over the short- and long-term and/or be less than anticipated if the proceeds from maturing securities in the Fund are reinvested in lower-yielding securities.
- > **Call Risk:** Many bonds may be redeemed (“called”) at the option of the issuer before their stated maturity date. In general, an issuer will call its bonds if they can be refinanced by issuing new bonds which bear a lower interest rate. The Fund may then be forced to invest the proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the Fund’s income.
- > **Credit Risk:** The issuers or guarantors of securities (including U.S. government agencies and instrumentalities issuing securities that are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government) owned by the Fund may default on the payment of principal or interest, or the other party to a contract may default on its obligations to the Fund, causing the value of the Fund to decrease.
- > **Market Risk:** The market value of securities may fall, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably. These declines may be due to factors affecting a particular issuer, or the result of, among other things, political, regulatory, market, economic or social developments affecting the market(s) generally. Local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, other armed conflicts, tariffs, the spread of infectious illness, epidemics or other public health issues, recessions, market instability, or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments and potentially increase the risks described herein.
- > **Liquidity Risk:** The reduction in market making capacity and other market events has the potential to decrease liquidity and increase price volatility in the fixed income markets in which the Fund invests, particularly during periods of economic or market stress. As a result of this decreased liquidity, the Fund may have to accept a lower price to sell a security, sell other securities to raise cash, or give up an investment opportunity, any of which could have a negative effect on performance. If the Fund needed to sell large blocks of bonds to meet shareholder redemption requests or to raise cash, those sales could further reduce the bonds’ prices and hurt performance.
- > **Political, Economic and Tax Risk:** Because the Fund invests in municipal securities issued by states and their political subdivisions, the Fund may be particularly affected by the political and economic conditions and developments in those states. Since the Fund invests in municipal securities, the value of the Fund may be more adversely affected than other funds by future changes in federal or state income tax laws.
- > **Prepayment and Extension Risk:** Declining interest rates may compel borrowers to prepay mortgages and debt obligations underlying the mortgage-backed securities owned by the Fund. The proceeds received by the Fund from prepayments will likely be reinvested at interest rates lower than the original investment, thus resulting in a reduction of income to the Fund. Likewise, rising interest rates could reduce prepayments and extend the life of securities with lower interest rates, which may increase the sensitivity of the Fund’s value to rising interest rates.
- > **Reinvestment Risk:** Income from the Fund’s debt securities portfolio will decline if and when the Fund invests the proceeds from matured, traded or called securities in securities with market interest rates that are below the current earnings rate of the Fund’s portfolio.
- > **Valuation Risk:** The Fund may hold securities for which prices from pricing services may be unavailable or are deemed unreliable, in which case the Fund’s procedures for valuing investments provide that the Adviser shall use the fair value of such securities for valuing investments. There is a risk that the fair value determined by the Adviser or the price determined by the pricing service may be different than the actual sale prices of such securities.
- > **U.S. Government Securities Risk:** Securities purchased by the Fund issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) are neither issued nor guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury and, therefore, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. There is a risk that the U.S. government will not provide financial support to U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities if it is not obligated to do so by law.
- > **Mortgage-Backed Securities Risk:** The value of the Fund’s mortgage-backed securities may be affected by factors including changes in interest rates, the market value of the underlying assets, and the creditworthiness of the issuer or entities that provide credit enhancements. Mortgage-backed securities are subject to prepayment risk, and the impact of prepayments on the value of mortgage-backed securities may be difficult to predict and may result in greater volatility.

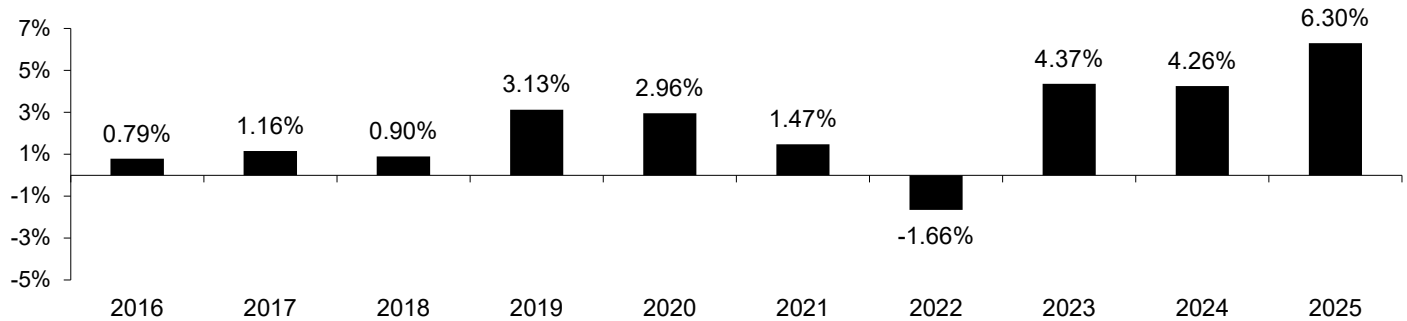
- > **Asset-Backed Securities Risk:** The value of the Fund's asset-backed securities may be affected by factors including changes in interest rates, the market value of the underlying assets, and the creditworthiness of the issuer or entities that provide credit enhancements. Most asset-backed securities are subject to prepayment risk and the impact of prepayments on the value of asset-backed securities may be difficult to predict and may result in greater volatility.
- > **Rule 144A Securities Risk:** The value and liquidity of these securities may be adversely affected in the event that the number of qualified institutional buyers interested in purchasing 144A securities is limited, the Fund might be unable to dispose of such securities promptly or at reasonable prices, and they may be subject to greater volatility.
- > **Derivatives Risk:** The Fund may incur losses from its investments in options, futures, and options on futures. Investments in such derivative instruments may result in losses exceeding the amounts invested. The Fund may use derivatives for hedging purposes. Compared to conventional securities, derivatives can be more sensitive to changes in interest rates or to sudden fluctuations in market prices and thus the Fund's losses may be greater if it invests in derivatives than if it invests only in conventional securities. Derivatives can be illiquid and difficult to value. A derivative transaction also involves the risk that a loss may be sustained as a result of the failure of the counterparty to the contract to make required payments.
- > **Investment Company Risk:** To the extent that the Fund invests in shares of another investment company, it will indirectly absorb its pro rata share of such investment company's operating expenses, including investment advisory and administrative fees, which will reduce the Fund's return on such investment relative to investment alternatives that do not include such expenses. In addition, the ability of the Fund to achieve its investment objective will partially depend upon the ability of the acquired fund to achieve its investment objective.
- > **Management Risk:** A strategy used by the investment management team may not produce the intended results.
- > **Temporary Investment Risk:** The Fund may hold cash and/or invest all or a portion of its assets in short-term obligations in response to adverse market, economic or other conditions when the investment management team believes that it is in the best interest of the Fund to pursue such a defensive strategy. The Fund may not achieve its investment objective when it holds cash or invests its assets in short-term obligations.
- > **Cybersecurity Risk:** Cybersecurity breaches may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to Fund assets, shareholder data, or proprietary information, or cause the Fund and/or its service providers to suffer data corruption or lose operational functionality. The issuers of securities in which the Fund invests are also subject to cybersecurity risks, and the value of these securities could decline if the issuers experience cyber attacks or other cybersecurity breaches.

HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE

The following tables provide information on the Fund's volatility and performance. The Fund's past performance before and after taxes is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. The bar chart below is intended to provide you with an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year for Class S shares.

The table below compares the Fund's performance over different time periods to that of a broad-based securities market index and a more narrowly-based index that reflects the market sectors in which the Fund invests (each, an "Index"). The table includes returns both before and after taxes. After-tax returns are calculated using historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. After-tax returns are shown for Class S shares only. After-tax returns for Class Y shares will differ.

The performance information reflects Fund expenses, and assumes that all distributions have been reinvested. Performance reflects fee waivers. Without such waivers, performance would be reduced. Each Index is an unmanaged index, has no expenses, and it is not possible to invest directly in an index. Updated performance information is available at www.sitfunds.com or by calling 800-332-5580.

Annual Total Returns for calendar years ended December 31 (Class S)

The Fund's year-to-date return as of 6/30/26 (not annualized) was 1.15%.

Best Quarter: 3.12% (3Q24)

Worst Quarter: -1.43% (3Q22)

Average Annual Total Returns for periods ended December 31, 2025

Sit Quality Income Fund	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Class S Return before taxes (inception 12/31/12)	6.30%	2.91%	2.34%
Class S Return after taxes on distributions	4.48%	1.45%	1.32%
Class S Return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares	3.70%	1.61%	1.36%
Class Y Return before taxes (inception 3/31/22)	6.45%	N/A	N/A
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index ⁽¹⁾ (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	7.30%	(0.36%)	2.01%
Bloomberg 1-3 Year Government/Credit Index ⁽²⁾ (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	5.35%	1.97%	2.09%

⁽¹⁾ A broad-based securities market index that represents the overall domestic debt markets.

⁽²⁾ A more narrowly-based index that reflects the market sectors in which the Fund invests.

INVESTMENT ADVISER AND PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

Sit Investment Associates, Inc. serves as the Fund's investment adviser. The Fund's investment decisions are made by a team of portfolio managers and analysts who are jointly responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund.

The primary portfolio managers of the Fund are:

Bryce A. Doty, Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since its inception on December 31, 2012.

Mark H. Book, Vice President and Portfolio Manager, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since its inception on December 31, 2012.

Christopher M. Rasmussen, Vice President and Portfolio Manager, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since its inception on December 31, 2012.

Andrew J. Tich, Vice President and Portfolio Manager, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since August 2025.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The minimum initial investment for Class S shares of the Fund is \$5,000 and the minimum initial investment for Class Y shares of the Fund is \$1,000,000. The minimum subsequent investment for either share class is \$100. The Fund's shares are redeemable. In general, you may buy or redeem shares of the Fund on any business day by mail (Sit Mutual Funds, P.O. Box 534459, Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4459), by phone (1-800-332-5580), or online if your account has online privileges (www.sitfunds.com).

For additional information, please see "Buying and Selling Shares" in the Prospectus.

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account.

Distributions paid from any interest income and from any short-term or long-term capital gains will be taxable whether you reinvest those distributions or receive them in cash. Distributions paid from a Fund's net long-term capital gains, if any, are generally taxable to you as long-term capital gains, regardless of how long you have held your shares.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund's shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or financial adviser), the financial intermediary may impose account charges. The Fund and its related companies may also pay that intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your intermediary or visit your intermediary's website for more information.

SUMMARY INFORMATION

SIT TAX-FREE INCOME FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Sit Tax-Free Income Fund (the “Fund”) seeks high current income that is exempt from federal income tax consistent with preservation of capital.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables or the examples below.

	Class S	Class Y
Shareholder Fees <i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>	None	None
Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>		
Management Fees	0.80%	0.55%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses ⁽¹⁾	0.15%	0.15%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.95%	0.70%

⁽¹⁾ The total annual fund operating expenses do not correlate to the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Fund’s Financial Highlights, which does not include Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses represent fees and expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund as a result of its investment in shares of investment companies.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It assumes that you invest \$10,000 in Class S shares of the Fund and \$1,000,000 in Class Y shares of the Fund for the time periods indicated, that your investment has a 5% return each year, that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same, and that you redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. Although your actual costs and returns may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Class S	\$97	\$304	\$528	\$1,171
Class Y	\$7,175	\$22,460	\$39,082	\$87,281

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transactions costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses in the example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 27.42% of the average value of the portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing primarily in municipal securities that generate interest income that is exempt from regular federal income tax. Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests 100% (and, as a fundamental policy, no less than 80%) of its net assets in such tax-exempt municipal securities plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes. The Fund may invest up to 20% of its assets in securities that generate interest income subject to federal alternative minimum tax ("AMT"). Investors subject to AMT treat the Fund's income subject to AMT as an item of tax preference in computing their alternative minimum taxable income. Municipal securities are debt obligations issued by or for U.S. states, territories, and possessions and the District of Columbia, and their political subdivisions, agencies, and instrumentalities.

The Fund invests both in revenue bonds, which are backed by and payable only from the revenues derived from a specific facility or specific revenue source, and in general obligation bonds, which are secured by the full faith, credit and taxation power of the issuing municipality. The Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in housing-related securities, such as obligations of municipal housing authorities, which include single family and multi-family mortgage revenue bonds; revenue bonds of health care-related facilities; and revenue bonds of educational institutions, which include higher education institutions, public, private, and charter schools, and student loan-backed bonds.

The Fund primarily invests in securities rated investment-grade at the time of purchase or, if unrated, determined to be of comparable quality by Sit Investment Associates, Inc. (the "Adviser"). Investment-grade securities are rated within the four highest grades by the major rating agencies. However, the Fund may invest up to 30% of its assets in municipal securities rated below investment grade (commonly referred to as junk bonds) or determined to be of comparable quality by the Adviser, but the Fund may not invest in securities rated lower than B3 by Moody's Investors Service, or B- by S&P Global Ratings or Fitch Ratings, or, if unrated, determined by the Adviser to be of comparable quality.

The Fund may invest in debt securities described herein that have not been registered for sale under the Securities Act of 1933 pursuant to Rule 144A (Rule 144A securities) which are determined to be liquid by the Adviser.

The Fund may invest in open-end investment companies (mutual funds) and closed-end investment companies which invest in the same types of securities in which the Fund may invest directly.

In selecting securities for the Fund, the Adviser seeks securities providing high tax-exempt income. The Adviser's economic outlook and interest rate forecast, as well as its evaluation of a security's structure, credit quality, yield, maturity, and liquidity, are all factors considered when making investment decisions.

The Adviser attempts to maintain an average effective duration for the portfolio of approximately 3 to 8 years. Duration is a measure of total price sensitivity relative to changes in interest rates. For example, if interest rates rise by 1%, the market value of a security with an effective duration of 3 years would decrease by 3%, with all other factors being constant. Portfolios with longer durations are typically more sensitive to changes in interest rates. The Adviser may hedge the Fund's duration by investing in interest rate futures and options, but not in excess of 5% of the Fund's net assets.

The Fund's dollar-weighted average maturity will, under normal market conditions, range between 10 and 25 years. However, since the Fund's securities are subject to various types of call provisions which make their expected average lives shorter than their stated maturity dates, the Adviser believes that the Fund's average effective duration is a more accurate measure of the Fund's price sensitivity to changes in interest rates than the Fund's dollar-weighted average maturity.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT RISKS

As with all mutual funds investing in bonds, the price and yield of the Fund may change daily due to interest rate changes and other factors. You could lose money by investing in the Fund.

The principal risks of investing in the Fund are listed below. Different risks may be more significant at different times, depending on market conditions or other factors.

- > **Interest Rate Risk:** The value of fixed income securities fluctuates as a result of the inverse relationship between the market value of outstanding fixed income securities and changes in interest rates. An increase in interest rates will generally reduce the

market value of fixed income investments and a decline in interest rates will tend to increase their value. The Fund may face a heightened level of interest rate risk in times of monetary policy change and/or uncertainty, such as when the Federal Reserve Board adjusts a quantitative easing program and/or changes rates. A changing interest rate environment increases certain risks, including the potential for periods of volatility, increased redemptions, shortened durations (i.e., prepayment risk) and extended durations (i.e., extension risk).

- > **Income Risk:** Income received from the Fund may vary widely over the short- and long-term and/or be less than anticipated if the proceeds from maturing securities in the Fund are reinvested in lower-yielding securities.
- > **Call Risk:** Many bonds may be redeemed (“called”) at the option of the issuer before their stated maturity date. In general, an issuer will call its bonds if they can be refinanced by issuing new bonds which bear a lower interest rate. The Fund may then be forced to invest the proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the Fund’s income.
- > **Credit Risk:** The issuers or guarantors of securities owned by the Fund may default on the payment of principal or interest, or experience a decline in credit quality, causing the value of the Fund to decrease.
- > **High-Yield Risk:** The Fund may invest up to 30% of its assets in municipal securities rated below investment-grade or if nonrated, determined to be of comparable quality by the Adviser. Debt securities rated below investment-grade are commonly known as junk bonds. Junk bonds are considered predominately speculative and involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the issuer’s creditworthiness.
- > **Market Risk:** The market value of securities may fall, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably. These declines may be due to factors affecting a particular issuer, or the result of, among other things, political, regulatory, market, economic or social developments affecting the market(s) generally. Local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, other armed conflicts, tariffs, the spread of infectious illness, epidemics or other public health issues, recessions, market instability, or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments and potentially increase the risks described herein.
- > **Liquidity Risk:** The reduction in market making capacity and other market events has the potential to decrease liquidity and increase price volatility in the fixed income markets in which the Fund invests, particularly during periods of economic or market stress. As a result of this decreased liquidity, the Fund may have to accept a lower price to sell a security, sell other securities to raise cash, or give up an investment opportunity, any of which could have a negative effect on performance. If the Fund needed to sell large blocks of bonds to meet shareholder redemption requests or to raise cash, those sales could further reduce the bonds’ prices and hurt performance.
- > **Revenue Bond Risk:** The revenue bonds in which the Fund invests may entail greater credit risk than the Fund’s investments in general obligation bonds. In particular, weaknesses in federal housing subsidy programs and their administration may result in a decrease of subsidies available for the payment of principal and interest on certain multi-family housing authority bonds.
- > **Political, Economic and Tax Risk:** Because the Fund invests primarily in municipal securities issued by states and their political subdivisions, the Fund may be particularly affected by the political and economic conditions and developments in those states. Since the Fund primarily invests in municipal securities, the value of the Fund may be more adversely affected than other funds by future changes in federal or state income tax laws.
- > **Sector Concentration Risk:** Because the Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in health care facility bonds, housing authority bonds, education bonds, and transportation bonds, the Fund may be more affected by events influencing these sectors than a fund that is more diversified across numerous sectors.
- > **Valuation Risk:** The Fund may hold securities for which prices from pricing services may be unavailable or are deemed unreliable, in which case the Fund’s procedures for valuing investments provide that the Adviser shall use the fair value of such securities for valuing investments. There is a risk that the fair value determined by the Adviser or the price determined by the pricing service may be different than the actual sale prices of such securities.
- > **Derivatives Risk:** The Fund may incur losses from its investments in options, futures, and options on futures. Investments in such derivative instruments may result in losses exceeding the amounts invested. The Fund may use derivatives for hedging purposes. Compared to conventional securities, derivatives can be more sensitive to changes in interest rates or to sudden fluctuations in market prices and thus the Fund’s losses may be greater if it invests in derivatives than if it invests only in conventional securities. Derivatives can be illiquid and difficult to value. A derivative transaction also involves the risk that a loss may be sustained as a result of the failure of the counterparty to the contract to make required payments.

- > **Rule 144A Securities Risk:** The value and liquidity of these securities may be adversely affected in the event that the number of qualified institutional buyers interested in purchasing 144A securities is limited, the Fund might be unable to dispose of such securities promptly or at reasonable prices, and they may be subject to greater volatility.
- > **Investment Company Risk:** To the extent that the Fund invests in shares of another investment company, it will indirectly absorb its pro rata share of such investment company's operating expenses, including investment advisory and administrative fees, which will reduce the Fund's return on such investment relative to investment alternatives that do not include such expenses. In addition, the ability of the Fund to achieve its investment objective will partially depend upon the ability of the acquired fund to achieve its investment objective.
- > **Management Risk:** A strategy used by the investment management team may not produce the intended results.
- > **Temporary Investment Risk:** The Fund may hold cash and/or invest all or a portion of its assets in short-term obligations in response to adverse market, economic or other conditions when the investment management team believes that it is in the best interest of the Fund to pursue such a defensive strategy. The Fund may not achieve its investment objective when it holds cash or invests its assets in short-term obligations.
- > **Cybersecurity Risk:** Cybersecurity breaches may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to Fund assets, shareholder data, or proprietary information, or cause the Fund and/or its service providers to suffer data corruption or lose operational functionality. The issuers of securities in which the Fund invests are also subject to cybersecurity risks, and the value of these securities could decline if the issuers experience cyber attacks or other cybersecurity breaches.

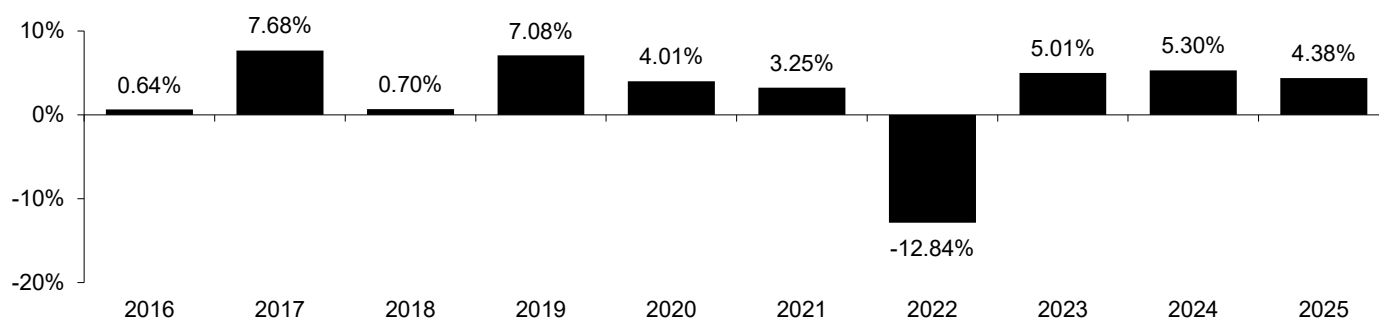
HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE

The following tables provide information on the Fund's volatility and performance. The Fund's past performance before and after taxes is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. The bar chart below is intended to provide you with an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year for Class S shares.

The table below compares the Fund's performance over different time periods to that of a broad-based securities market index and a more narrowly-based index that reflects the market sectors in which the Fund invests (each, an "Index"). After-tax returns are calculated using historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. After-tax returns are shown for Class S shares only. After-tax returns for Class Y shares will differ.

The performance information reflects Fund expenses, and assumes that all distributions have been reinvested. Each Index is an unmanaged index, has no expenses, and it is not possible to invest directly in an index. Updated performance information is available at www.sitfunds.com or by calling 800-332-5580.

Annual Total Returns for calendar years ended December 31 (Class S)



The Fund's year-to-date return as of 6/30/26 (not annualized) was 3.50%.

Best Quarter: 6.59% (4Q23)

Worst Quarter: -7.44% (1Q22)

Average Annual Total Returns for periods ended December 31, 2025

Sit Tax-Free Income Fund	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Class S Return before taxes (inception 9/29/88)	4.38%	0.76%	2.36%
Class S Return after taxes on distributions	4.38%	0.76%	2.36%
Class S Return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares	4.12%	1.32%	2.57%
Class Y Return before taxes (inception 6/1/21)	4.63%	N/A	N/A
Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index ⁽¹⁾ (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	4.25%	0.80%	1.93%
Bloomberg 5-Year Municipal Bond Index ⁽²⁾ (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	5.03%	1.05%	2.34%

⁽¹⁾ A broad-based securities market index that represents the overall domestic debt markets.

⁽²⁾ A more narrowly-based index that reflects the market sectors in which the Fund invests.

INVESTMENT ADVISER AND PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

Sit Investment Associates, Inc. serves as the Fund's investment adviser. The Fund's investment decisions are made by a team of portfolio managers and analysts who are jointly responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund.

The primary portfolio managers of the Fund are:

Paul J. Jungquist, Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since 2000.

Todd S. Emerson, Vice President and Portfolio Manager, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since July 2020.

Kevin P. O'Brien, Vice President and Portfolio Manager, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since July 2020.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The minimum initial investment for Class S shares of the Fund is \$5,000, and the minimum initial investment for Class Y shares of the Fund is \$1,000,000. The minimum subsequent investment for either share class is \$100. The Fund's shares are redeemable. In general, you may buy or redeem shares of the Fund on any business day by mail (Sit Mutual Funds, P.O. Box 534459, Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4459), by phone (1-800-332-5580), or online if your account has online privileges (www.sitfunds.com).

For additional information, please see "Buying and Selling Shares" in the Prospectus.

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund intends to meet certain federal tax requirements so that distributions of tax-exempt interest income will be treated as "exempt-interest dividends." These dividends are not subject to regular federal income tax (except to the extent you have borrowed to finance the purchase of your shares). However, the Fund may invest up to 20% of its net assets in municipal securities subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. Any portion of exempt-interest dividends attributable to interest on these securities may increase some shareholders' federal alternative minimum tax. The Fund expects that its distributions will consist primarily of exempt-interest dividends. The Fund's exempt-interest dividends may be subject to state or local income taxes.

Tax-exempt interest income is not included in net investment income for purposes of the federal net investment tax.

Distributions to the shareholder paid from any interest income that is not tax-exempt and from any short-term or long-term capital gains will be taxable whether you reinvest those distributions or receive them in cash. Distributions paid from a Fund's net long-term capital gains, if any, are generally taxable to you as long-term capital gains, regardless of how long you have held your shares.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund's shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or financial adviser) the financial intermediary may impose account charges. The Fund and its related companies may also pay that intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your intermediary or visit your intermediary's website for more information.

SUMMARY INFORMATION

SIT MINNESOTA TAX-FREE INCOME FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Sit Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund (the “Fund”) seeks high current income that is exempt from federal regular income tax and Minnesota regular personal income tax consistent with preservation of capital.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables or the examples below.

	Class S
Shareholder Fees <i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>	None
Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>	
Management Fees	0.80%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses ⁽¹⁾	0.01%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.81%

⁽¹⁾ The total annual fund operating expenses do not correlate to the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Fund’s Financial Highlights, which does not include Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses represent fees and expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund as a result of its investment in shares of investment companies.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, that your investment has a 5% return each year, that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same, and that you redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. Although your actual costs and returns may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
Class S	\$83	\$260	\$451	\$1,005

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transactions costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses in the example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 20.06% of the average value of the portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing primarily in municipal securities that generate interest income that is exempt from regular federal income tax and Minnesota regular personal income tax. Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests 100% (and, as a fundamental policy, no less than 80%) of its net assets in such tax-exempt municipal securities plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes. The Fund may invest up to 20% of its assets in securities that generate interest income subject to both Minnesota and federal alternative minimum tax ("AMT"). Investors subject to AMT treat the Fund's income subject to AMT as an item of tax preference in computing their alternative minimum taxable income.

The Fund substantially invests in municipal securities issued by the state of Minnesota and its political subdivisions. The Fund invests in both general obligation bonds, which are secured by the full faith, credit and taxation power of the issuing municipality, and in revenue bonds, which are backed by and payable only from the revenues derived from a specific facility or specific revenue source. The Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in housing-related securities, such as obligations of municipal housing authorities, which include single family and multi-family mortgage revenue bonds; revenue bonds of health care-related facilities; and revenue bonds of educational institutions, which include higher education institutions, public, private, and charter schools, and student loan-backed bonds.

The Fund primarily invests in securities rated investment-grade at the time of purchase or, if unrated, determined to be of comparable quality by Sit Investment Associates, Inc. (the "Adviser"). Investment-grade securities are rated within the four highest grades by the major rating agencies. However, the Fund may invest up to 30% of its assets in municipal securities rated below investment-grade (commonly referred to as junk bonds) or determined to be of comparable quality by the Adviser, but the Fund may not invest in securities rated lower than B3 by Moody's Investors Service, or B- by S&P Global Ratings or Fitch Ratings or, if unrated, determined by the Adviser to be of comparable quality.

The Fund may invest in open-end investment companies (mutual funds) and closed-end investment companies which invest in the same types of securities in which the Fund may invest directly.

In selecting securities for the Fund, the Adviser seeks securities providing high current tax-exempt income. In making purchase and sales decisions for the Fund, the Adviser considers its economic outlook and interest rate forecast, as well as its evaluation of a security's structure, credit quality, yield, maturity, and liquidity.

The Adviser attempts to maintain an average effective duration for the portfolio of approximately 3 to 8 years. Duration is a measure of total price sensitivity relative to changes in interest rates. For example, if interest rates rise by 1%, the market value of a security with an effective duration of 3 years would decrease by 3%, with all other factors being constant. Portfolios with longer durations are typically more sensitive to changes in interest rates. The Adviser currently hedges the Fund's duration by investing in interest rate futures and options, but not in excess of 5% of the Fund's net assets.

The Fund's dollar-weighted average maturity will, under normal market conditions, range between 10 and 20 years. However, since the Fund's securities are subject to various types of call provisions which make their expected average lives shorter than their stated maturity dates, the Adviser believes that the Fund's average effective duration is a more accurate measure of the Fund's price sensitivity to changes in interest rates than the Fund's dollar-weighted average maturity.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT RISKS

As with all mutual funds investing in bonds, the price and yield of the Fund may change daily due to interest rate changes and other factors. You could lose money by investing in the Fund.

The principal risks of investing in the Fund are listed below. Different risks may be more significant at different times, depending on market conditions or other factors.

- > **Interest Rate Risk:** The value of fixed income securities fluctuates as a result of the inverse relationship between the market value of outstanding fixed income securities and changes in interest rates. An increase in interest rates will generally reduce the market value of fixed income investments and a decline in interest rates will tend to increase their value. The Fund may face a heightened level of interest rate risk in times of monetary policy change and/or uncertainty, such as when the Federal Reserve Board adjusts a quantitative easing program and/or changes rates. A changing interest rate environment increases certain risks, including the potential for periods of volatility, increased redemptions, shortened durations (i.e., prepayment risk) and extended durations (i.e., extension risk).

- > **Income Risk:** Income received from the Fund may vary widely over the short- and long-term and/or be less than anticipated if the proceeds from maturing securities in the Fund are reinvested in lower-yielding securities.
- > **Call Risk:** Many bonds may be redeemed (“called”) at the option of the issuer before their stated maturity date. In general, an issuer will call its bonds if they can be refinanced by issuing new bonds which bear a lower interest rate. The Fund may then be forced to invest the proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the Fund’s income.
- > **Credit Risk:** The issuers or guarantors of securities owned by the Fund may default on the payment of principal or interest, or experience a decline in credit quality, causing the value of the Fund to decrease.
- > **High-Yield Risk:** The Fund may invest up to 30% of its assets in municipal securities rated below investment-grade, or if non-rated, determined to be of comparable quality by the Adviser. Debt securities rated below investment-grade are commonly known as junk bonds. Junk bonds are considered predominately speculative and involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the issuer’s creditworthiness.
- > **Market Risk:** The market value of securities may fall, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably. These declines may be due to factors affecting a particular issuer, or the result of, among other things, political, regulatory, market, economic or social developments affecting the market(s) generally. Local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, other armed conflicts, tariffs, the spread of infectious illness, epidemics or other public health issues, recessions, market instability, or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments and potentially increase the risks described herein.
- > **Liquidity Risk:** The reduction in market making capacity and other market events has the potential to decrease liquidity and increase price volatility in the fixed income markets in which the Fund invests, particularly during periods of economic or market stress. As a result of this decreased liquidity, the Fund may have to accept a lower price to sell a security, sell other securities to raise cash, or give up an investment opportunity, any of which could have a negative effect on performance. If the Fund needed to sell large blocks of bonds to meet shareholder redemption requests or to raise cash, those sales could further reduce the bonds’ prices and hurt performance.
- > **Revenue Bond Risk:** The revenue bonds in which the Fund invests may entail greater credit risk than the Fund’s investments in general obligation bonds. In particular, weaknesses in federal housing subsidy programs and their administration may result in a decrease of subsidies available for the payment of principal and interest on certain multi-family housing authority bonds.
- > **Minnesota State Specific Risk:** The Fund substantially invests in municipal securities issued by the state of Minnesota and its political subdivisions. The State relies heavily on a progressive individual income tax and a retail sales tax for revenue, which results in a fiscal system that is sensitive to economic conditions. The State has had substantial budget deficits in prior bienniums.
- > **Political, Economic and Tax Risk:** Because the Fund substantially invests in municipal securities issued by Minnesota and its political subdivisions, the Fund may be particularly affected by the political and economic conditions and developments in Minnesota. Since the Fund primarily invests in municipal securities, the value of the Fund may be more adversely affected than other funds by future changes in federal or state income tax laws.
- > **Sector Concentration Risk:** Because the Fund may invest a significant portion of its assets in health care facility bonds, housing authority bonds, and education bonds, the Fund may be more affected by events influencing these sectors than a fund that is more diversified across numerous sectors.
- > **Nondiversification Risk:** The Fund is nondiversified, as is typical of single-state funds. This means that the Fund may invest a larger portion of its assets in a limited number of issuers than a diversified fund. Because a relatively high percentage of the Fund’s assets may be invested in the securities of a limited number of issuers, the Fund may be more susceptible to any single economic, political or regulatory occurrence than a diversified fund.
- > **Valuation Risk:** The Fund may hold securities for which prices from pricing services may be unavailable or are deemed unreliable, in which case the Fund’s procedures for valuing investments provide that the Adviser shall use the fair value of such securities for valuing investments. There is a risk that the fair value determined by the Adviser or the price determined by the pricing service may be different than the actual sale prices of such securities.
- > **Derivatives Risk:** The Fund may incur losses from its investments in options, futures, and options on futures. Investments in such derivative instruments may result in losses exceeding the amounts invested. The Fund may use derivatives for hedging purposes. Compared to conventional securities, derivatives can be more sensitive to changes in interest rates or to sudden fluctuations in market prices and thus the Fund’s losses may be greater if it invests in derivatives than if it invests only in conventional securities. Derivatives can be illiquid and difficult to value. A derivative transaction also involves the risk that a loss may be sustained as a result of the failure of the counterparty to the contract to make required payments.

- > **Investment Company Risk:** To the extent that the Fund invests in shares of another investment company, it will indirectly absorb its pro rata share of such investment company's operating expenses, including investment advisory and administrative fees, which will reduce the Fund's return on such investment relative to investment alternatives that do not include such expenses. In addition, the ability of the Fund to achieve its investment objective will partially depend upon the ability of the acquired fund to achieve its investment objective.
- > **Management Risk:** A strategy used by the investment management team may not produce the intended results.
- > **Temporary Investment Risk:** The Fund may hold cash and/or invest all or a portion of its assets in short-term obligations in response to adverse market, economic or other conditions when the investment management team believes that it is in the best interest of the Fund to pursue such a defensive strategy. The Fund may not achieve its investment objective when it holds cash or invests its assets in short-term obligations.
- > **Cybersecurity Risk:** Cybersecurity breaches may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to Fund assets, shareholder data, or proprietary information, or cause the Fund and/or its service providers to suffer data corruption or lose operational functionality. The issuers of securities in which the Fund invests are also subject to cybersecurity risks, and the value of these securities could decline if the issuers experience cyber attacks or other cybersecurity breaches.

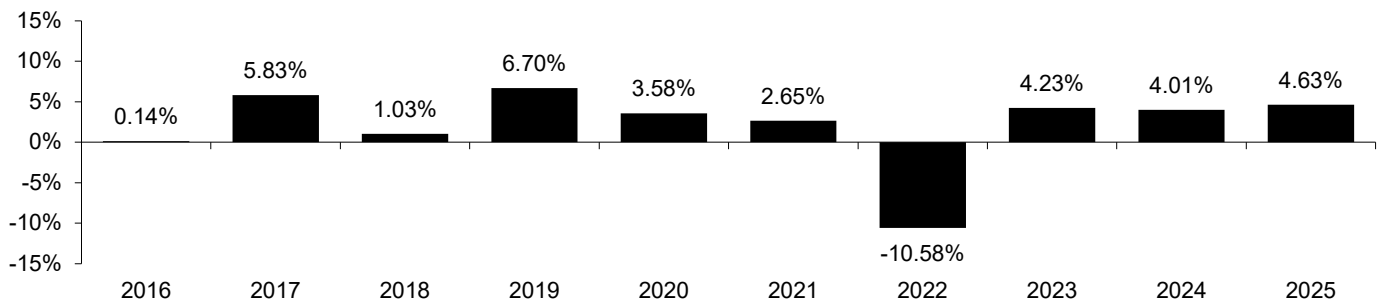
HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE

The following tables provide information on the Fund's volatility and performance. The Fund's past performance before and after taxes is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. The bar chart below is intended to provide you with an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year.

The table below compares the Fund's performance over different time periods to that of a broad-based securities market index and a more narrowly-based index that reflects the market sectors in which the Fund invests (each, an "Index"). The table includes returns both before and after taxes. After-tax returns are calculated using historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

The performance information reflects Fund expenses, and assumes that all distributions have been reinvested. Each Index is an unmanaged index, has no expenses, and it is not possible to invest directly in an index. Updated performance information is available at www.sitfunds.com or by calling 800-332-5580.

Annual Total Returns for calendar years ended December 31 (Class S)



The Fund's year-to-date return as of 6/30/26 (not annualized) was 3.76%.

Best Quarter: 5.16% (4Q23)

Worst Quarter: -7.02% (1Q22)

Average Annual Total Returns for periods ended December 31, 2025

Sit Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Class S Return before taxes (inception 12/1/93)	4.63%	0.81%	2.11%
Class S Return after taxes on distributions	4.63%	0.79%	2.10%
Class S Return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares	4.12%	1.27%	2.30%
Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index ⁽¹⁾ (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	4.25%	0.80%	2.34%
Bloomberg 5-Year Municipal Bond Index ⁽²⁾ (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	5.03%	1.05%	1.93%

⁽¹⁾ A broad-based securities market index that represents the overall domestic debt markets.

⁽²⁾ A more narrowly-based index that reflects the market sectors in which the Fund invests.

INVESTMENT ADVISER AND PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

Sit Investment Associates, Inc. serves as the Fund's investment adviser. The Fund's investment decisions are made by a team of portfolio managers and analysts who are jointly responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund.

The primary portfolio managers of the Fund are:

Paul J. Jungquist, Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since 2000.

Todd S. Emerson, Vice President and Portfolio Manager, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since July 2020.

Kevin P. O'Brien, Vice President and Portfolio Manager, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since July 2020.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The minimum initial investment for shares of the Fund is \$5,000. The minimum subsequent investment is \$100. The Fund's shares are redeemable. In general, you may buy or redeem shares of the Fund on any business day by mail (Sit Mutual Funds, P.O. Box 534459, Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4459), by phone (1-800-332-5580), or online if your account has online privileges (www.sitfunds.com).

For additional information, please see "Buying and Selling Shares" in the Prospectus.

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund intends to meet certain federal tax requirements so that distributions of tax-exempt interest income will be treated as "exempt-interest dividends." These dividends are not subject to regular federal income tax (except to the extent you have borrowed to finance the purchase of your shares). However, the Fund may invest up to 20% of its net assets in municipal securities subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. Any portion of exempt-interest dividends attributable to interest on these securities may increase some shareholders' federal alternative minimum tax. The Fund expects that its distributions will consist primarily of exempt-interest dividends.

Tax-exempt interest income is not included in net investment income for purposes of the federal net investment tax.

Distributions to shareholders paid from any interest income that is not tax-exempt and from any short-term or long-term capital gains will be taxable whether you reinvest those distributions or receive them in cash. Distributions paid from a Fund's net long-term capital gains, if any, are generally taxable to you as long-term capital gains, regardless of how long you have held your shares.

The Fund intends to comply with certain state tax requirements so that dividends it pays that are attributable to interest on Minnesota municipal securities will be excluded from the Minnesota taxable net income of individuals, estates and trusts. To meet these requirements, at least 95% of the exempt-interest dividends paid by the Fund must be derived from interest income on Minnesota municipal securities. A portion of the Fund's dividends may be subject to the Minnesota alternative minimum tax. Exempt-interest dividends are not excluded from taxable income for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax imposed on corporations and financial institutions.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund's shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or financial adviser) the financial intermediary may impose account charges. The Fund and its related companies may also pay that intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your intermediary or visit your intermediary's website for more information.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUNDS

Each Fund's investment objective and its principal investment strategies and risks are described under "Summary Information About The Funds." This section provides additional information about the Funds' investments and certain portfolio management techniques the Funds may use, as well as the principal risks that may affect a Fund's portfolio. The Funds' investment objectives and certain other investment restrictions designated as fundamental may not be changed without shareholder approval. These policies are described in the Statement of Additional Information. In seeking to achieve their investment objectives, the Funds may also invest in various types of securities and engage in various investment practices which are not the principal focus of the Funds and therefore are not described in this Prospectus. Additional information about some of these investments and portfolio management techniques and their associated risks is included in the Funds' Statement of Additional Information.

HOW THE FUNDS INVEST

The Funds' experienced management team bases its investment decisions on its economic and interest rate forecasts; its evaluation of a security's attributes such as prepayment risk, yield, maturity, and liquidity; and the Funds' characteristics such as average duration and diversification. Decisions to buy and sell securities are based on the management team's best judgment to achieve the Funds' investment objectives.

Sit U.S. Government Securities Fund

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek high current income and safety of principal. The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing exclusively in U.S. government securities, which are securities issued, guaranteed or insured by the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities.

The Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in pass-through securities. Pass-through securities are formed when mortgages or other debt instruments are pooled together and undivided interests in the pool are sold to investors, such as the Fund. The cash flow from the underlying debt instruments is "passed through" to the holders of the securities in the form of periodic (generally monthly) payments of interest and principal, which may include prepayments.

Pass-through securities in which the Fund invests include mortgage-backed securities such as those issued by Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC). GNMA is an agency of the U.S. government and its securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. FNMA and FHLMC are U.S. government sponsored enterprises and their securities are backed by their credit. In addition, a portion of the Fund's pass-through security investments may be GNMA manufactured home loan pass-through securities. Manufactured home loans are fixed-rate loans secured by a manufactured home unit.

Other types of U.S. government securities in which the Fund may invest include U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. government agency collateralized mortgage obligations and other U.S. government agency securities.

In selecting securities for the Fund, Fund managers seek securities providing high current income relative to yields currently available in the market. In making purchase and sales decisions for the Fund, the Fund managers consider their economic outlook and interest rate forecast, as well as their evaluation of a security's prepayment risk, yield, maturity, and liquidity.

Fund managers attempt to maintain an average effective duration for the portfolio of approximately 0 to 5 years. Duration is a measure of total price sensitivity relative to changes in interest rates. Portfolios with longer durations are typically more sensitive to changes in interest rates. The Adviser currently hedges the Fund's duration by investing in interest rate futures and options, but not in excess of 5% of the Fund's net assets. The Adviser's use of hedging may change.

The Fund's dollar-weighted average maturity will, under normal market conditions, range between 15 and 25 years. However, since the Fund's securities are subject to various types of call provisions which make their expected average lives shorter than their stated maturity dates, the Fund managers believe that the Fund's average effective duration is a more accurate measure of the Fund's price sensitivity to changes in interest rates than the Fund's dollar-weighted average maturity.

Sit Quality Income Fund

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek high current income and safety of principal. The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing under normal circumstances at least 80% of its assets in debt securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies, debt securities issued by corporations, and mortgage and other asset-backed securities.

The Fund invests at least 50% of its assets in U.S. government debt securities, which are securities issued, guaranteed or insured by the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities. The balance of the Fund's assets will be invested in investment grade debt securities issued by corporations and municipalities, and mortgage and other asset-backed securities. Investment grade debt securities are rated at the time of purchase within the top four rating categories by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization or of comparable quality as determined by the Adviser. The Fund's dollar-weighted average portfolio quality is expected to be "A" or better.

The U.S. government securities in which the Fund will invest include direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and securities issued or guaranteed by federal agencies or authorities and U.S. government-sponsored instrumentalities or enterprises. The Fund will invest in pass-through securities. Pass-through securities include mortgage-backed securities such as those issued by Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC). GNMA is an agency of the U.S. government and its securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. FNMA and FHLMC are U.S. government sponsored enterprises and their securities are backed by their credit.

The Fund may invest in securities that have not been registered for sale under the Securities Act of 1933 pursuant to Rule 144A (Rule 144A securities) which are determined to be liquid by the Adviser.

In selecting securities for the Fund, the Adviser seeks securities providing relatively high current income. In making purchase and sales decisions for the Fund, the Adviser considers its economic outlook and interest rate forecast, as well as its evaluation of a security's credit quality, yield, maturity, liquidity and the security's sector.

The Adviser attempts to maintain an average effective duration for the portfolio of approximately 0 to 3 years. The Adviser's duration target within this range is based on its interest rate forecast. Duration is a measure of total price sensitivity relative to changes in interest rates. Portfolios with shorter durations are typically less sensitive to changes in interest rates. The Adviser currently hedges the Fund's duration by investing in interest rate futures and options, but not in excess of 5% of the Fund's net assets. The Adviser's use of hedging may change.

The Fund's dollar-weighted average maturity will, under normal market conditions, range between 5 and 10 years. However, since the Fund's securities are subject to various types of call provisions which make their expected average lives shorter than their stated maturity dates, the Adviser believes that the Fund's average effective duration is a more accurate measure of the Fund's price sensitivity to changes in interest rates than the Fund's dollar-weighted average maturity.

Sit Tax-Free Income Fund

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek high current income that is exempt from federal income tax consistent with preservation of capital. The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing primarily in municipal securities that generate interest income that is exempt from regular federal income tax. Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests 100% (and, as a fundamental policy, no less than 80%) of its net assets in such tax-exempt municipal securities plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes. The Fund may invest up to 20% of its assets in securities that generate interest income subject to federal alternative minimum tax ("AMT"). Investors subject to AMT treat the Fund's income subject to AMT as an item of tax preference in computing their alternative minimum taxable income. Municipal securities are debt obligations issued by or for U.S. states, territories, and possessions and the District of Columbia, and their political subdivisions, agencies, and instrumentalities.

The Fund invests both in revenue bonds, which are backed by and payable only from the revenues derived from a specific facility or specific revenue source, and in general obligation bonds, which are secured by the full faith, credit and taxation power of the issuing municipality. The Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in housing-related securities, such as obligations of municipal housing authorities,

which include single family and multi-family mortgage revenue bonds; revenue bonds of health care-related facilities; and revenue bonds of educational institutions, which include higher education institutions, public, private, and charter schools, and student loan-backed bonds.

The Fund primarily invests in securities rated investment-grade at the time of purchase or, if unrated, determined to be of comparable quality by the Adviser. Investment-grade securities are rated within the four highest grades by the major rating agencies. However, the Fund may invest up to 30% of its assets in municipal securities rated below investment grade (commonly referred to as junk bonds) or determined to be of comparable quality by the Adviser, but the Fund may not invest in securities rated lower than B3 by Moody's Investors Service, or B- by S&P Global Ratings or Fitch Ratings, or, if unrated, determined by the Adviser to be of comparable quality. The Fund may invest in open-end investment companies (mutual funds) and closed-end investment companies which invest in the same types of securities in which the Fund may invest directly.

The Fund may invest in debt securities described herein that have not been registered for sale under the Securities Act of 1933 pursuant to Rule 144A (Rule 144A securities) which are determined to be liquid by the Adviser.

In selecting securities for the Fund, the Adviser seeks securities providing high tax-exempt income. The Adviser's economic outlook and interest rate forecast, as well as their evaluation of a security's structure, credit quality, yield, maturity, and liquidity, are all factors considered when making investment decisions.

The Adviser attempts to maintain an average effective duration for the portfolio of approximately 3 to 8 years. Duration is a measure of total price sensitivity relative to changes in interest rates. Portfolios with longer durations are typically more sensitive to changes in interest rates. The Adviser currently hedges the Fund's duration by investing in interest rate futures and options, but not in excess of 5% of the Fund's net assets. The Adviser's use of hedging may change.

The Fund's dollar-weighted average maturity will, under normal market conditions, range between 10 and 25 years. However, since the Fund's securities are subject to various types of call provisions which make their expected average lives shorter than their stated maturity dates, the Adviser believes that the Fund's average effective duration is a more accurate measure of the Fund's price sensitivity to changes in interest rates than the Fund's dollar-weighted average maturity.

Sit Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek high current income that is exempt from federal regular income tax and Minnesota regular personal income tax consistent with preservation of capital. The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing primarily in municipal securities that generate interest income that is exempt from regular federal income tax and Minnesota regular personal income tax. Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests 100% (and, as a fundamental policy, no less than 80%) of its net assets in such tax-exempt municipal securities plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes. The Fund may invest up to 20% of its assets in securities that generate interest income subject to both Minnesota and federal alternative minimum tax ("AMT"). Investors subject to AMT treat the Fund's income subject to AMT as an item of tax preference in computing their alternative minimum taxable income.

The Fund substantially invests in municipal securities issued by the state of Minnesota and its political subdivisions. The Fund invests in both general obligation bonds, which are secured by the full faith, credit and taxation power of the issuing municipality, and in revenue bonds, which are backed by and payable only from the revenues derived from a specific facility or specific revenue source. The Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in housing-related securities, such as obligations of municipal housing authorities which include single family and multi-family mortgage revenue bonds; revenue bonds of health care-related facilities; and revenue bonds of educational institutions, which include higher education institutions, public, private, and charter schools, and student loan-backed bonds.

The Fund primarily invests in securities rated investment-grade at the time of purchase or, if unrated, determined to be of comparable quality by the Adviser. Investment-grade securities are rated within the four highest grades by the major rating agencies. However, the Fund may invest up to 30% of its assets in municipal securities rated below investment-grade (commonly referred to as junk bonds) or determined to be of comparable quality by the Adviser, but the Fund may not invest in securities rated lower than B3 by Moody's Investors Service, or B- by S&P Global Ratings or Fitch Ratings or, if unrated, determined by the Adviser to be of comparable quality. The Fund may invest in open-end investment companies (mutual funds) and closed-end investment companies which invest in the same types of securities in which the Fund may invest directly.

In selecting securities for the Fund, the Adviser seeks securities providing high current tax-exempt income. In making purchase and sales decisions for the Fund, the Adviser considers their economic outlook and interest rate forecast, as well as their evaluation of a security's structure, credit quality, yield, maturity, and liquidity.

The Adviser attempts to maintain an average effective duration for the portfolio of approximately 3 to 8 years. Duration is a measure of total price sensitivity relative to changes in interest rates. Portfolios with longer durations are typically more sensitive to changes in interest rates. The Adviser currently hedges the Fund's duration by investing in interest rate futures and options, but not in excess of 5% of the Fund's net assets. The Adviser's use of hedging may change.

The Fund's dollar-weighted average maturity will, under normal market conditions, range between 10 and 20 years. However, since the Fund's securities are subject to various types of call provisions which make their expected average lives shorter than their stated maturity dates, the Adviser believes that the Fund's average effective duration is a more accurate measure of the Fund's price sensitivity to changes in interest rates than the Fund's dollar-weighted average maturity.

MORE ON THE FUNDS' RISKS

All investments carry some degree of risk which will affect the value of a Fund's investments, investment performance and price of its shares. It is possible to lose money by investing in the Funds. The risks are presented alphabetically, and the order of the risks does not indicate the significance of any particular risk factor.

Risks That Apply To Each Fund:

- > **Credit Risk:** The issuer of a debt security or a guarantor of a security held by a Fund or counterparty to a transaction may default on its payment obligations or experience a decline in credit quality. Generally, the lower the credit rating of a security, issuer, guarantor or counterparty, the higher the degree of risk as to the payment of interest and return of principal. Also, a downgrade in the credit quality of a security or its issuer or guarantor may cause the security to decline in value and could affect the bond's liquidity and make it more difficult for a Fund to sell. When a Fund purchases unrated securities, it will depend on the Adviser's analysis of credit risk without the assessment of an independent rating organization, such as Moody's or S&P Global Ratings. There is always the risk that the Adviser's analysis of creditworthiness is incorrect or may change due to market conditions.
- > **Cybersecurity Risk:** A Fund may be subject to operational and informational security risks resulting from breaches in cybersecurity. A cybersecurity breach may include, for example, intentional and unintentional events that cause unauthorized access to systems, networks, or devices and the sensitive information contained therein; suffer data corruption; or lose operational functionality. Cybersecurity breaches by the Funds' affiliates or service providers may cause disruptions and impact the business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses to both a Fund and its shareholders, the inability of Fund shareholders to transact business, inability to calculate a Fund's net asset value, impediments to trading, violations of applicable privacy and other laws (including the release of private shareholder information), regulatory fines, penalties, reimbursement or other compensation costs, and/or additional compliance costs. The use of artificial intelligence and machine learning could exacerbate these risks or result in cyber security incidents that implicate personal data. There are inherent limitations to controls and systems designed to prevent or reduce the impact of such cybersecurity risks, including the possibility that certain risks have not been identified, as well as the development of new threats. Cybersecurity risks have significantly increased in recent years, and the Funds could suffer such losses in the future. Issuers of securities in which a Fund invests are also exposed to such cybersecurity risks which could result in material adverse consequences for such issuers, and may cause a Fund's investment in such securities to lose value and may result in financial loss for a Fund.
- > **Derivatives Risk:** A Fund may incur losses from its investments in options, futures, and other derivative instruments. Investments in derivative instruments may result in losses exceeding the amounts invested. A Fund may use derivatives for hedging purposes. Compared to conventional securities, derivatives can be more sensitive to changes in interest rates or to sudden fluctuations in market prices and thus a Fund's losses may be greater if it invests in derivatives than if it invests only in conventional securities. Derivatives can be illiquid and difficult to value. A derivative transaction also involves the risk that a loss may be sustained as a result of the failure of the counterparty to the contract to make required payments.

The loss that may be incurred in entering into futures contracts may exceed the amount of the premium paid. Futures markets are highly volatile and the use of futures may increase the volatility of a Fund's NAV. A relatively small price movement in

a futures contract may result in substantial losses for the Fund. Exchanges may limit fluctuations in futures contract prices during a trading session by imposing a maximum permissible price movement on each futures contract. A Fund may be disadvantaged if it is prohibited from executing a trade outside the daily permissible price movement.

Rule 18f-4 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”) eliminates the asset segregation framework that had been used by funds to comply with Section 18 of the 1940 Act and permits a Fund to enter into derivatives transactions and certain other transactions notwithstanding the restrictions on the issuance of senior securities contained in Section 18 of the Investment Company Act, provided that the Fund complies with certain conditions. Rule 18f-4 prescribes specific value-at-risk leverage limits for certain derivatives users. In addition, Rule 18f-4 requires certain derivatives users to adopt and implement a derivatives risk management program (including the appointment of a derivatives risk manager and the implementation of certain testing requirements), and prescribes reporting requirements with respect to derivatives. Subject to certain conditions, if a fund qualifies as a “limited derivatives user,” as defined in Rule 18f-4, it is not subject to the full requirements of Rule 18f-4. With respect to reverse repurchase agreements or other similar financing transactions in particular, Rule 18f-4 permits a fund to enter into such transactions if the fund either (i) complies with the asset coverage requirements of Section 18 of the 1940 Act, and combines the aggregate amount of indebtedness associated with all tender option bonds or similar financing with the aggregate amount of any other senior securities representing indebtedness when calculating the relevant asset coverage ratio, or (ii) treats all tender option bonds or similar financing transactions as derivatives transactions for all purposes under Rule 18f-4. The Funds have adopted procedures for investing in derivatives and other transactions in compliance with Rule 18f-4.

- > **Income Risk:** Income received from a Fund may vary widely over the short- and long-term and/or be less than anticipated if the proceeds from maturing securities in that Fund are reinvested in lower-yielding securities.
- > **Interest Rate Risk:** An increase in interest rates may lower the Fund’s value and the overall return on your investment. The magnitude of this decrease is often greater for longer-term fixed income securities than shorter-term securities. During periods of declining interest rates, a bond issuer may “call,” or repay, its high yielding bonds before their maturity dates. A Fund would then be forced to invest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in its income. The Funds may lose money if short-term or long-term interest rates rise sharply or otherwise change in a manner not anticipated by the Funds.
- > **Investment Company Risk:** To the extent that the Funds invest in shares of another investment company, they will indirectly absorb their pro rata share of such investment company’s operating expenses, including investment advisory and administrative fees, which will reduce the Funds’ return on such investment relative to investment alternatives that do not include such expenses. In addition, the ability of the Funds to achieve their investment objectives will partially depend upon the ability of the acquired fund to achieve its investment objective. Investments by a Fund in other investment companies will be subject to the limitations of the 1940 Act. Pursuant to Rule 12d1-4 under the 1940 Act, a Fund may invest in other investment companies beyond the limits contained in the 1940 Act, subject to certain conditions imposed by Rule 12d1-4 including limits on control and voting of acquired funds’ shares, evaluations and findings by investment advisers, fund investment agreements and limits on most three-tier fund structures.
- > **Liquidity Risk:** The reduction in market making capacity and other market events has the potential to decrease liquidity and increase price volatility in the fixed income markets in which a Fund invests, particularly during periods of economic or market stress. As a result of this decreased liquidity, a Fund may have to accept a lower price to sell a security, sell other securities to raise cash, or give up an investment opportunity, any of which could have a negative effect on performance. If a Fund needed to sell large blocks of bonds to meet shareholder redemption requests or to raise cash, those sales could further reduce the bonds’ prices and hurt performance.
- > **Management Risk:** A Fund’s performance will reflect in part the Adviser’s ability to implement its investment strategy and make investment decisions which are suited to achieving a Fund’s investment objective. A strategy used by the investment management team may fail to produce the intended results. A Fund could underperform its benchmark or other mutual funds with similar investment objectives.
- > **Market Risk:** The market value of securities may fall, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably. These declines may be due to factors affecting a particular issuer, or the result of, among other things, political, public health, regulatory, market, economic or social developments affecting the market(s) generally. The U.S. market has experienced significant volatility in recent months and years. Local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, the spread of infectious illness, epidemics or other public health issues, recessions, or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments and potentially increase the risks described herein.

High public debt in the U.S. and other countries creates ongoing systemic and market risks and policymaking uncertainty. There is no assurance that the U.S. Congress will act to raise the nation's debt ceiling; a failure to do so could cause market turmoil and substantial investment risks that cannot now be fully predicted. The current presidential administration has called for and is seeking to quickly enact significant changes to U.S. fiscal, tax, trade, healthcare, immigration, foreign, and government regulatory policy. Significant uncertainty exists with respect to legislation, regulation and government policy at the federal, state and local levels.

Unexpected political, regulatory and diplomatic events within the U.S. and abroad may affect investor and consumer confidence and may adversely impact financial markets and the broader economy. For example, the U.S. and other governments may renegotiate their global trade relationships and impose or threaten to impose significant import tariffs. The implementation of tariffs, trade restrictions, currency controls, or similar measures (including retaliatory actions) could result in price volatility and overall declines in U.S. and global investment markets.

Recently, various countries have seen significant conflicts that may have an adverse impact on the securities markets of the countries concerned. In addition, the occurrence of new disturbances due to acts of war, other armed conflict, or terrorism or other political developments cannot be excluded. Nationalization, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, currency blockage, political changes, government regulation, political, regulatory or social instability or uncertainty or diplomatic developments, including the imposition of sanctions or other similar measures, could adversely affect a Fund's investments.

- > **SOFR Risk:** The Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") is intended to be a broad measure of the cost of borrowing funds overnight in transactions that are collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. SOFR is calculated based on transaction-level repo data collected from various sources. For each trading day, SOFR is calculated as a volume-weighted median rate derived from such data. SOFR is calculated and published by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York ("FRBNY"). If data from a given source required by the FRBNY to calculate SOFR is unavailable for any day, then the most recently available data for that segment will be used, with certain adjustments. If errors are discovered in the transaction data or the calculations underlying SOFR after its initial publication on a given day, SOFR may be republished at a later time that day. Rate revisions will be effected only on the day of initial publication and will be republished only if the change in the rate exceeds one basis point.

Because SOFR is a financing rate based on overnight secured funding transactions, it differs fundamentally from London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"). LIBOR was intended to be an unsecured rate that represents interbank funding costs for different short-term maturities or tenors. It was a forward-looking rate reflecting expectations regarding interest rates for the applicable tenor. Thus, LIBOR was intended to be sensitive, in certain respects, to bank credit risk and to term interest rate risk. In contrast, SOFR is a secured overnight rate reflecting the credit of U.S. Treasury securities as collateral. Thus, it is largely insensitive to credit-risk considerations and to short-term interest rate risks. SOFR is a transaction-based rate, and it has been more volatile than other benchmark or market rates, such as three-month LIBOR, during certain periods. For these reasons, among others, there is no assurance that SOFR, or rates derived from SOFR, will perform in the same or similar way as LIBOR would have performed at any time, and there is no assurance that SOFR-based rates will be a suitable substitute for LIBOR. SOFR has a limited history, having been first published in April 2018. The future performance of SOFR, and SOFR-based reference rates, cannot be predicted based on SOFR's history or otherwise. Levels of SOFR in the future, including following the discontinuation of LIBOR, may bear little or no relation to historical levels of SOFR, LIBOR or other rates.

- > **Temporary Investment Risk:** A Fund may hold cash and/or invest all or a portion of its assets in short-term obligations in response to adverse market, economic or other conditions when the investment management team believes that it is in the best interest of the Fund to pursue such a defensive strategy. The investment management team may, however, choose not to make such temporary investments even in very volatile or adverse conditions. A Fund may not achieve its investment objective when it holds cash or invests its assets in short-term obligations. A Fund also may miss investment opportunities and have a lower total return during these periods.
- > **Valuation Risk:** The Funds may hold securities for which prices from pricing services may be unavailable or are deemed unreliable, in which case the Funds' procedures for valuing investments provide that the Adviser shall use the fair value of such securities for valuing investments. There is a risk that the fair value determined by the Adviser or the price determined by the pricing service may be different than the actual sale prices of such securities.

Risks that Apply Primarily to Sit U.S. Government Securities and Sit Quality Income Funds:

- > **Mortgage-Backed Securities Risk:** Mortgage-backed securities represent interests in, or are backed by, pools of mortgages from which payments of interest and principal (net of fees paid to the issuer or guarantor of the securities) are distributed to the holders of the mortgage-backed securities. Mortgage-backed securities can have a fixed or an adjustable rate. Payment

of principal and interest on some mortgage-backed securities (but not the market value of the securities themselves) may be guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government (e.g. securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA)) or by its agencies, authorities, enterprises or instrumentalities (e.g. securities guaranteed by the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA)) or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) which are not insured or guaranteed by the U.S. Government. Mortgage-backed securities issued by non-governmental issuers may be supported by various credit enhancements such as private insurance and may entail greater risk than obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The value of a Fund's mortgage-backed securities may be affected by factors including changes in interest rates, the market value of the underlying assets, and the creditworthiness of the issuer or entities that provide credit enhancements. Mortgage-backed securities are subject to prepayment risk, and the impact of prepayments on the value of mortgage-backed securities may be difficult to predict and may result in greater volatility.

- > **Prepayment and Extension Risk:** Declining interest rates may compel borrowers to prepay mortgages and debt obligations underlying the securities owned by a Fund. The proceeds received by a Fund from prepayments will likely be reinvested at interest rates lower than the original investment, thus resulting in a reduction of income to a Fund. Likewise, rising interest rates could reduce prepayments and extend the life of securities with lower interest rates, which may increase the sensitivity of a Fund's value to rising interest rates.
- > **Reinvestment Risk:** Income from the Funds' debt securities portfolios will decline if and when the Funds invest the proceeds from matured, traded or called securities in securities with market interest rates that are below the current earnings rate of the Fund's portfolio.
- > **U.S. Government Securities Risk:** U.S. Government agency securities in which a Fund may invest include securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC). Securities issued by GNMA are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. Securities issued by FNMA and FHLMC are supported by the right to borrow directly from the U.S. Treasury. Other U.S. Government securities are supported only by the credit of the issuer or instrumentality. There is a risk that the U.S. government will not provide financial support to U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities if it is not obligated to do so by law. Securities purchased by a Fund issued by FNMA and FHLMC are neither issued nor guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury and, therefore, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States.
- > **Securities Backed by the U.S. Government Risk:** U.S. government securities are subject to market risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Securities backed by the U.S. Treasury or the full faith and credit of the U.S. government are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity. Accordingly, the current market values for these securities will fluctuate with changes in interest rates and the credit rating of the U.S. government. Notwithstanding that these securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, circumstances could arise that would prevent or delay the payment of interest or principal on these securities, which could adversely affect their value and cause the fund to suffer losses. Such an event could lead to significant disruptions in U.S. and global markets.

Risks That Apply Primarily To Sit Quality Income Fund:

- > **Call Risk:** Many bonds may be redeemed ("called") at the option of the issuer before their stated maturity date. In general, an issuer will call its bonds if they can be refinanced by issuing new bonds which bear a lower interest rate. The Fund may then be forced to invest the proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the Fund's income.
- > **Asset-Backed Securities Risk:** Asset-backed securities represent interests in, or are backed by, pools of receivables such as credit card, auto, student and home equity loans. Asset-backed securities can have a fixed or an adjustable rate. The value of the Fund's asset-backed securities may be affected by factors including changes in interest rates, the market value of the underlying assets, and the creditworthiness of the issuer or entities that provide credit enhancements. Most asset-backed securities are subject to prepayment risk and the impact of prepayments on the value of asset-backed securities may be difficult to predict and may result in greater volatility.
- > **Political, Economic and Tax Risk:** The value of, the income generated by, and the ability of the Fund to sell a municipal security may be affected by constitutional amendment, legislative enactments, executive orders, administrative regulations and voter initiatives as well as the economies of the regions in which the issuers in which the Fund's investments are located. Municipal securities backed by current or anticipated revenues from a specific project or asset, such as revenue bonds, can be negatively affected by the discontinuance of the taxation supporting the project or assets or the inability to collect revenues for the project or from the assets. The value of municipal securities also may be adversely affected by future changes in federal or state income tax laws, including rate reductions, the imposition of a flat tax, or the loss of a current state income tax

exemption. If the Internal Revenue Service determines that an issuer of a municipal security has not complied with applicable tax requirements, interest from the security could be treated as taxable, which could result in a decline in the security's value. To the extent that a municipal security in which the Fund invests is not heavily followed by the investment community or such security issue is relatively small, the security may be difficult to value or sell at a fair price.

- > **Rule 144A Securities Risk:** The Fund may invest in privately placed securities that have not been registered for sale under the Securities Act of 1933 pursuant to Rule 144A (Rule 144A securities) which are determined to be liquid in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors. However, an insufficient number of qualified institutional buyers interested in purchasing Rule 144A securities could affect adversely the marketability of such securities and the Fund might be unable to dispose of such securities promptly or at reasonable prices. Accordingly, even if determined to be liquid, the Fund's holdings of Rule 144A securities may increase the level of Fund illiquidity if eligible buyers become uninterested in buying them. The Fund may also have to bear the expense of registering the securities for resale and the risk of substantial delays in effecting the registration. Additionally, the purchase price and subsequent valuation of restricted and illiquid securities normally reflect a discount, which may be significant, from the market price of comparable securities for which a liquid market exists.

Risks That Apply Primarily To Sit Tax-Free Income and Sit Minnesota Tax-Free Income Funds:

- > **Call Risk:** Many bonds may be redeemed ("called") at the option of the issuer before their stated maturity date. In general, an issuer will call its bonds if they can be refinanced by issuing new bonds which bear a lower interest rate. The Fund may then be forced to invest the proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the Fund's income.
- > **High-Yield Risk:** The Tax-Free Income Fund and the Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund may invest up to 30% of their assets in municipal securities rated below investment-grade, or if nonrated, determined to be of comparable quality by the Adviser. Debt securities rated below investment-grade are commonly known as junk bonds. Junk bonds are considered predominately speculative and involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the issuer's creditworthiness. In addition, there may be less of a market for these securities, which could make it harder to sell them at an acceptable price. These and related risks mean that a Fund may not achieve the expected return from non-investment grade debt securities and that its share price may be adversely affected by declines in the value of these securities.
- > **Political, Economic and Tax Risk:** The value of, the income generated by, and the ability of the Funds to sell a municipal security may be affected by constitutional amendment, legislative enactments, executive orders, administrative regulations and voter initiatives as well as the economies of the regions in which the issuers in which the Funds' investments are located. Municipal securities backed by current or anticipated revenues from a specific project or asset, such as revenue bonds, can be negatively affected by the discontinuance of the taxation supporting the project or assets or the inability to collect revenues for the project or from the assets. The value of municipal securities also may be adversely affected by future changes in federal or state income tax laws, including rate reductions, the imposition of a flat tax, or the loss of a current state income tax exemption. If the Internal Revenue Service determines that an issuer of a municipal security has not complied with applicable tax requirements, interest from the security could be treated as taxable, which could result in a decline in the security's value. To the extent that a municipal security in which the Funds invest is not heavily followed by the investment community or such security issue is relatively small, the security may be difficult to value or sell at a fair price.
- > **Revenue Bond Risk:** The revenue bonds in which the Funds invest may entail greater credit risk than the Funds' investments in general obligation bonds because such bonds are generally not backed by the taxing power of the issuing municipality. In particular, weaknesses in federal housing subsidy programs and their administration may result in a decrease of subsidies available for the payment of principal and interest on certain multi-family housing authority bonds.
- > **Rule 144A Securities Risk:** The Funds may invest in privately placed securities that have not been registered for sale under the Securities Act of 1933 pursuant to Rule 144A (Rule 144A securities) which are determined to be liquid in accordance with procedures adopted by the Funds' Board of Directors. However, an insufficient number of qualified institutional buyers interested in purchasing Rule 144A securities could affect adversely the marketability of such securities and a Fund might be unable to dispose of such securities promptly or at reasonable prices. Accordingly, even if determined to be liquid, a Fund's holdings of Rule 144A securities may increase the level of Fund illiquidity if eligible buyers become uninterested in buying them. A Fund may also have to bear the expense of registering the securities for resale and the risk of substantial delays in effecting the registration. Additionally, the purchase price and subsequent valuation of restricted and illiquid securities normally reflect a discount, which may be significant, from the market price of comparable securities for which a liquid market exists.
- > **Sector Concentration - Education Bond Risk:** Because the Funds may invest a significant portion of their assets in education bonds, the Funds may be more affected by events influencing the education sector than a fund that is more diversified

across numerous sectors. An issuer's gross receipts and net income available for debt service on an education bond may be affected by future events and conditions including, among other things, fluctuations in interest rates, construction costs, operating costs, student enrollment, state government funding and uncertainty of continued federal government funding programs, donations, and government regulation.

- > **Sector Concentration - Health Care Facility Revenue Obligations Risk:** Because the Funds may invest a significant portion of their assets in health care facility bonds, the Funds may be more affected by events influencing the health care sector than a fund that is more diversified across numerous sectors. A health care facility's gross receipts and net income available for debt service may be affected by future events and conditions including, among other things, demand for services, efforts by insurers and governmental agencies to limit rates, legislation and changes in Medicare, Medicaid and other similar third-party payor programs.
- > **Sector Concentration - Housing Authority Bonds Risk:** Because the Funds may invest a significant portion of their assets in housing authority bonds, the Funds may be more affected by events influencing the housing sector than a fund that is more diversified across numerous sectors. A housing authority's gross receipts and net income available for debt service may be affected by future events and conditions including, among other things, economic developments such as fluctuations in interest rates, construction costs and operating costs; and changes in federal housing subsidy programs. A housing authority's inability to obtain additional financing could also reduce revenues available to pay existing obligations.
- > **Sector Concentration - Transportation Bonds Risk:** Because the Funds may invest a significant portion of their assets in transportation bonds, the Funds may be more affected by events influencing the transportation sector than a fund that is more diversified across numerous sectors. Many transportation bonds are payable solely from the revenues generated by the specific project financed (such as tolls, fares, landing fees, or parking charges) rather than from the general taxing power of the issuing municipality. A decline in usage, ridership, or traffic - whether due to economic downturn, fare or toll increases, competition from alternative routes or modes of transportation, fuel prices, or changes in commuting and travel patterns - may reduce the revenues available to pay principal and interest, increasing the risk of default or credit deterioration.

Risks That Apply Primarily to Sit Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund:

- > **Minnesota State Specific Risk:** The Fund substantially invests in municipal securities issued by the state of Minnesota and its political subdivisions. The State relies heavily on a progressive individual income tax and a retail sales tax for revenue, which results in a fiscal system that is sensitive to economic conditions. Diversity and a significant natural resource base are two important characteristics of the Minnesota economy. Historically, the structure of the State's economy generally has paralleled the structure of the United States economy as a whole. The ability of Minnesota or its municipalities to meet their obligations depends on the availability of tax and other revenues, the economic, political and demographic conditions within the state, ecological or environmental concerns, and the underlying fiscal condition of the state, its counties and its municipalities. In recent years, the State addressed recurring projected budget deficits by substantially reducing or deferring projected spending, including aid to local government and higher education, transferring funds from other accounts, increasing revenues, eliminating its budget reserve, and substantially reducing its cash flow account.
- > **Nondiversification Risk:** The Fund is nondiversified, as is typical of single-state funds. This means that the Fund may invest a larger portion of its assets in a limited number of issuers than a diversified fund. Because a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in the securities of a limited number of issuers, the Fund may be more susceptible to any single economic, political or regulatory occurrence than a diversified fund.

TEMPORARY DEFENSIVE INVESTING

For temporary defensive purposes in periods of unusual market conditions, each Fund may invest up to 100% of its total assets in cash or short-term debt securities including certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances and other bank obligations, corporate and direct U.S. obligation bonds, notes, bills, commercial paper and repurchase agreements. In addition, Tax-Free Income Fund and Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund may invest all of their assets in taxable obligations under these conditions. Investing in these temporary investments may reduce a Fund's yield and prevent it from achieving its investment objective. Further, because Minnesota requires 95% of the Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund's dividends to be derived from Minnesota government obligations, such measures may preclude shareholders from recognizing the Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund's intended state tax benefits, even with respect to tax-exempt investments that the Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund holds.

METHODS TO FUND REDEMPTION REQUESTS

The Funds typically expect to meet redemption requests using the Funds' cash reserves and by selling portfolio assets. The Funds regularly use such methods. In the event a Fund sells portfolio securities to meet redemption requests, the securities may be sold at unfavorable prices due to market conditions. The Funds may also meet redemption requests using other methods including redemptions in-kind, and during stressed market conditions, the Funds may meet redemption requests using their ability to borrow funds temporarily in emergency or extraordinary situations. Effective November 30, 2021, as renewed and amended November 25, 2025, the Funds, together with the 10 equity Sit Mutual Funds managed by the Adviser, are borrowers in a \$20 million credit facility ("Credit Facility") maturing November 24, 2026. The Credit Facility provides a source of funds to the Funds for temporary and emergency purposes, including the ability to meet future unanticipated or unusually large redemption requests. Under the terms of the Credit Facility, each Fund pays interest charged on any borrowings made by the Fund. In the event that a Fund does redeem shares in-kind, shareholders will likely have to pay brokerage commissions to sell the securities or other assets delivered to them as well as any taxes on any capital gains incurred upon sale, and the securities or other assets distributed to shareholders will continue to be subject to market risk until they are sold. The procedures utilized by a Fund to determine the securities or other assets distributed to redeeming shareholders will generally be based on a rounded pro rata distribution of the Fund's securities. As of the date of this Prospectus, the Funds have never borrowed funds to meet redemption requests nor have they ever redeemed shares in-kind.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Funds may trade securities frequently, resulting, from time to time, in an annual portfolio turnover rate of over 100%. However, except for the Sit Quality Income Fund, each Fund's portfolio turnover rate has historically been less than 100%. The "Financial Highlights" section of this Prospectus shows each Fund's historical portfolio turnover rate. A high portfolio turnover rate generally will result in greater brokerage commission expenses borne by a Fund which may decrease the Fund's yield. A high portfolio turnover rate may result in higher amounts of realized capital gain, including short-term capital gain, subject to the payment of taxes by shareholders.

PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS DISCLOSURE

Each Funds' portfolio holdings are included in that Fund's annual and semi-annual financial reports that are distributed to shareholders of record. Additionally, a complete portfolio holdings report is filed quarterly with the SEC and is available on the SEC website at www.sec.gov or upon request from an Investor Service Representative. A complete description of the Funds' portfolio holdings disclosure policies is available in the Funds' Statement of Additional Information.

DURATION

Duration measures how much the value of a security is expected to change with a given change in interest rates. Effective duration is one means used to measure interest rate risk. The longer a security's effective duration, the more sensitive its price is to changes in interest rates. For example, if interest rates rise by 1%, the market value of a security with an effective duration of 3 years would decrease by 3%, with all other factors being constant. The Adviser uses several methods to compute duration estimates appropriate for particular securities held in the Funds' portfolios. Duration estimates are based on assumptions by the Adviser and subject to a number of limitations. Duration is most useful when interest rate changes are small and occur equally in short-term and long-term securities. In addition, it is difficult to calculate precisely for bonds with prepayment options, such as mortgage-related securities, because the calculation requires assumptions about prepayment rates.

SECURITIES RATINGS

When debt securities are rated by one or more independent rating agencies, the Adviser uses these ratings to determine bond quality. Investment-grade debt securities are those that are rated within the four highest rating categories, which are AAA, AA, A, and BBB by S&P Global Ratings and Fitch Ratings, and Aaa, Aa, A and Baa by Moody's Investor Services. In the event that two or more rating agencies rate a debt security in different rating categories, the Adviser uses the lower rating to determine bond quality. If a debt security's credit quality rating is downgraded after a Fund's purchase, the Adviser will consider whether any action, such as selling the security, is warranted.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUNDS

INVESTMENT ADVISER AND ADMINISTRATOR

Subject to the authority of the boards of directors of the Funds (each a “Board” and collectively, the “Boards”), Sit Investment Associates, Inc. (“Sit Investment” or the “Adviser”) serves as the Funds’ investment adviser and administrator pursuant to the terms of Investment Management Agreements and Supervision and Administration Agreements between the Funds and the Adviser.

Sit Investment is located at 3300 IDS Center, 80 S. Eighth Street, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402. Sit Investment was founded in 1981 and provides investment management services for both public and private clients. As of June 30, 2026, Sit Investment had approximately \$19.8 billion in assets under management, including approximately \$2.0 billion for the 14 Sit Mutual Funds.

Each Fund pays Sit Investment a management fee which is essentially an all-in fee that includes both the advisory fee for providing investment advisory services and a supervisory and administrative fee for providing supervisory and administrative services the Funds require. Sit Investment is required to bear all of the Funds’ expenses except interest, brokerage commissions, portfolio transaction charges including acquired fund fees and expenses and certain extraordinary expenses as determined by the Boards. Sit Investment generally earns a profit on the management fees paid by the Funds, and pursuant to the terms of the Investment Management Agreements and Supervision and Administration Agreements, Sit Investment, and not Fund shareholders, would benefit from any price decreases in third-party services, including decreases resulting from an increase in net assets.

A discussion regarding the basis of the Boards’ approval of the Investment Management Agreements is available in the Funds’ Form N-CSR dated March 31, 2026. Each Fund pays the Adviser a monthly fee for its services at the following annual rates (stated as a percentage of the average daily net assets):

Fund	Management Fees	Supervisory and Administrative Fees	Total Contractual Management Fees	Fees Waived ⁽¹⁾	Actual Total Management Fees After Applicable Fee Waiver ⁽²⁾
U.S. Government Securities Fund - Class S	0.20%	0.60%	0.80%	---	0.80%
U.S. Government Securities Fund - Class Y	0.20%	0.35%	0.55%	---	0.55%
Quality Income Fund - Class S	0.30%	0.60%	0.90%	0.10%	0.80%
Quality Income Fund - Class Y	0.30%	0.35%	0.65%	0.10%	0.55%
Tax-Free Income Fund - Class S	0.20%	0.60%	0.80%	---	0.80%
Tax-Free Income Fund - Class Y	0.20%	0.35%	0.55%	---	0.55%
Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund - Class S	0.20%	0.60%	0.80%	---	0.80%

⁽¹⁾ The Adviser waived a portion of the management fee of Sit Quality Income Fund (the “Fund”) through July 31, 2026 so that the management fee of Class S shares and Class Y shares of the Fund are 0.80% and 0.55%, respectively. Effective August 1, 2026, the Fund’s Board of Directors approved a reduction to the Fund’s contractual management fee by the amount of the existing fee waiver and the elimination of the fee waiver, such that the Fund’s total management fee remained unchanged.

⁽²⁾ The Actual Total Management Fee After Applicable Fee Waiver may not equal the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses in the Table of Fees and Expenses found in each Fund’s Summary Information Section because such table includes Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses, if any. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses represent fees and expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund as a result of its investment in shares of investment companies, if any.

PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

The Funds' investment decisions are made by a team of portfolio managers and analysts who are jointly responsible for the day-to-day management of the Funds. The portfolio management team is led by Bryce A. Doty, Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager, and Paul J. Jungquist, Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager. Roger J. Sit, Chairman, President, CEO, and Global Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser establishes and oversees Fund policy and investment management strategies.

The following table lists the individual team members that are primarily responsible for managing each Fund's investments.

Portfolio Manager Title	Role on Management Team	Experience with: • Management Team • Adviser • Industry		Past 5 Years Business Experience
U.S. Government Securities Fund				
Bryce A. Doty Senior Vice President, Senior Portfolio Manager	Senior Portfolio Manager	30 yrs 30 yrs 36 yrs	7 m 8 m 2 m	Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager of Sit Fixed Income Advisors II, LLC.
Mark H. Book Vice President and Portfolio Manager	Portfolio Manager	23 yrs 25 yrs 39 yrs	9 m 11 m 9 m	Vice President and Portfolio Manager of Sit Fixed Income Advisors II, LLC.
Christopher M. Rasmussen Vice President and Portfolio Manager	Portfolio Manager	1 yrs 26 yrs 26 yrs	0 m 1 m 1 m	Vice President and Portfolio Manager of Sit Fixed Income Advisors II, LLC.
Andrew J. Tich Vice President and Portfolio Manager	Portfolio Manager	1 yrs 20 yrs 18 yrs	0 m 1 m 11 m	Vice President - Investment Research of Sit Fixed Income Advisors II, LLC.
Quality Income Fund				
Bryce A. Doty Senior Vice President, Senior Portfolio Manager	Senior Portfolio Manager	13 yrs 30 yrs 36 yrs	7 m 8 m 2 m	See above.
Mark H. Book Vice President and Portfolio Manager	Portfolio Manager	13 yrs 25 yrs 39 yrs	7 m 11 m 9 m	See above.
Christopher M. Rasmussen Vice President and Portfolio Manager	Portfolio Manager	13 yrs 26 yrs 26 yrs	7 m 1 m 1 m	See above.
Andrew J. Tich Vice President and Portfolio Manager	Portfolio Manager	1 yrs 20 yrs 18 yrs	0 m 1 m 11 m	See above.
Tax-Free Income Fund				
Paul J. Jungquist Senior Vice President, Senior Portfolio Manager	Senior Portfolio Manager	25 yrs 32 yrs 32 yrs	9 m 6 m 6 m	Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager of Sit Fixed Income Advisors II, LLC.
Todd S. Emerson Vice President and Portfolio Manager	Portfolio Manager	8 yrs 20 yrs 31 yrs	0 m 0 m 8 m	Vice President and Portfolio Manager of Sit Fixed Income Advisors II, LLC.
Kevin P. O'Brien Vice President and Portfolio Manager	Portfolio Manager	8 yrs 28 yrs 23 yrs	0 m 9 m 7 m	Vice President and Portfolio Manager of Sit Fixed Income Advisors II, LLC.

Portfolio Manager Title	Role on Management Team	Experience with:		Past 5 Years Business Experience
		• Management Team	• Adviser	
Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund				
Paul J. Jungquist Senior Vice President, Senior Portfolio Manager	Senior Portfolio Manager	27 yrs	9 m	See above.
		32 yrs	6 m	
		32 yrs	6 m	
Todd S. Emerson Vice President and Portfolio Manager	Portfolio Manager	8 yrs	0 m	See above.
		20 yrs	0 m	
		31 yrs	8 m	
Kevin P. O'Brien Vice President and Portfolio Manager	Portfolio Manager	8 yrs	0 m	See above.
		28 yrs	9 m	
		23 yrs	7 m	

The Statement of Additional Information provides additional information about the Portfolio Managers' compensation, other accounts managed by the Portfolio Managers, and the Portfolio Managers' ownership of securities in the Funds, if any.

BUYING AND SELLING SHARES

BUYING SHARES

To Open an Account

Minimum Investment	Invest by Check	Invest by Wire	Invest Online
Class S shares - \$5,000 per Fund	Mail a completed account application with a check via regular mail or overnight delivery: <u>Regular Mail</u> Sit Mutual Funds P. O. Box 534459 Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4459 <u>Overnight Delivery</u> Sit Mutual Funds Attn: 534459 1350 Penn Avenue, Suite 112 Pittsburgh, PA 15222	Mail a completed account application with a request for a new account number to: <u>Regular Mail</u> Sit Mutual Funds P. O. Box 534459 Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4459	You cannot open an account and make an initial purchase online.
Class Y shares - \$1 million per Fund	Mail your investment check, made payable to Sit Mutual Funds, along with your application. Certain checks and other instruments are not accepted without prior approval such as: • third party checks • money orders • starter checks • credit card checks Prospectuses and account applications may be viewed and printed from our website, www.sitfunds.com	A representative will contact you with the new account number, or call us at 1-800-332-5580. Instruct your bank to send a separate wire for each Fund that you invest in and wire to: Bank of New York Mellon ABA#: 011001234 Credit: 0000733571 BNY Mellon Investment Servicing as Agent for Sit Mutual Funds Further Credit: <i>Account Name</i> <i>New Sit Fund / Account Number</i> <u>Bank Address</u> (required by some financial institutions) Bank of New York Mellon 135 Santilli Highway Everett, MA 02149 Sit Mutual Funds does not charge a fee for incoming wires. Your bank may charge a fee for sending a wire.	

- Shares may be purchased on any day the NYSE is open with a minimum initial investment of \$5,000 per Fund for Class S shares and \$1 million per Fund for Class Y shares.
- IRA accounts (Traditional, Roth and SEP) require a minimum initial investment of \$2,000 per Fund for Class S shares and \$1 million per Fund for Class Y shares.

To Add to an Account

Minimum Investment	Invest by Check	Invest by Wire or ACH	Invest Online
\$100	Mail a completed investment slip for a particular fund (which you received in your account statement) or a letter of instruction with a check: <u>Regular Mail</u> Sit Mutual Funds P. O. Box 534459 Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4459 <u>Overnight Delivery</u> Sit Mutual Funds Attn: 534459 1350 Penn Avenue, Suite 112 Pittsburgh, PA 15222 A letter of instruction must include your account number, the name(s) of the registered owner(s) and the Fund(s) that you want to purchase. Certain checks and other instruments are not accepted without prior approval such as: • third party checks • money orders • starter checks • credit card checks	<u>Invest by Wire.</u> Instruct your bank to wire your additional investment to us using the wire instructions provided above in "Invest by Wire." Send a separate wire for each Fund you invest in. <u>Invest by ACH.</u> Call us at 1-800-332-5580 to request that a purchase be made electronically from your bank account. The shares purchased will be priced on the next business day following your telephone request made prior to the close of the NYSE. Before investing by wire or ACH, you must have provided your banking authorization information on your initial account application or on a Change of Account Options Form.	You may purchase additional shares of a Sit Fund or invest in a new Sit Fund online. Visit www.sitfunds.com to access your account. You must have provided your banking authorization information on your initial account application or on a Change of Account Options Form.

- Additional investments in any account must be at least \$100.
- You may set up an Automatic Investment Plan on your initial account application or on a Change of Account Options form. The Plan will invest in the selected Fund electronically from your bank account (via ACH) on any day the Funds are open.

SELLING SHARES

To Sell Shares

Sell by Mail	Sell by Telephone	Sell Online
Mail a written request that includes: • account number • names and signatures of all registered owners exactly as they appear on the account • name of Fund and number of shares or dollar amount you want to sell • supporting legal documents, if required • method of payment (check, wire transfer, or ACH) • For IRA accounts, include a signed IRA Distribution Form	Call us at 1-800-332-5580 and request a sale of shares. To sell shares by telephone, you must have telephone redemption privileges. If you do not, we can provide a Change of Account Options Form, or for IRA accounts, an IRA Redemption Privileges Form.	You may sell shares of a Sit Fund online, up to certain limits. Visit www.sitfunds.com to access your account. To sell shares online, you must have online redemption privileges. If you do not, we can provide a Change of Account Options Form, or for IRA accounts, an IRA Redemption Privileges Form.

- **Payment of Proceeds:** Your sale proceeds will be paid as soon as possible, generally not later than 7 days after the Funds' receipt of your request to sell. However, if you purchased shares with nonguaranteed funds, such as a personal check, and you sell shares, your sale proceeds payment will be delayed until your check clears, which may take 15 days. You may receive proceeds from the sales of your shares in one of three ways:
 - **By Mail:** The check will be mailed to your address of record generally within 7 days after receipt of your request.
 - **By Wire:** The bank account authorized by you on your account application will be credited generally within 1 to 2 business days after receipt of your request. The Funds' bank charges a wire fee (currently \$8) which will be deducted from the balance of your account or from the amount being wired if your account has been completely redeemed. The recipient bank may also charge an incoming wire fee.
 - **By ACH:** The bank account authorized by you on your account application will be credited generally within 2 to 3 business days after receipt of your request.
- **Identification Verification:** For those requests that payments are (1) paid to anyone other than the registered account owners, (2) paid by check and mailed to an address other than the address of record as established on your account application, or (3) paid by wire or by ACH to a bank different than the bank authorized by you on your account application, you are required to provide a medallion signature guarantee(s) or other identification method as approved by the Funds.
- **Medallion Signature Guarantee:** A medallion signature guarantee assures that a signature is genuine and protects shareholders from unauthorized account transactions. A medallion signature guarantee may be obtained from a bank, brokerage firm, or other financial institution that is participating in a medallion program recognized by the Securities Transfer Association.
- **Supporting Legal Documents:** Under certain circumstances, sales of shares may require additional legal documentation, such as sales by estates, trusts, guardianships, custodianships, corporations, pension and profit sharing plans and other organizations.
- You may set up an Automatic Withdrawal Plan (minimum \$100) on your initial account application or on a Change of Account Options Form. The Plan will sell shares of the selected Fund and send the proceeds by check or by ACH.
- Please see the section entitled "Early Redemption Fee" below for more information regarding fees that may apply to the sale of certain Fund's shares that are held for less than 30 days.

EXCHANGING SHARES

To Exchange Shares

Exchange by Mail	Exchange by Telephone	Exchange Online										
You may sell shares of one Sit Fund and purchase shares of another Sit Fund by mailing a letter of instruction signed by all registered owners of the account: <table><tr><td><u>Regular Mail</u></td><td><u>Overnight Delivery</u></td></tr><tr><td>Sit Mutual Funds</td><td>Sit Mutual Funds</td></tr><tr><td>P. O. Box 534459</td><td>Attn: 534459</td></tr><tr><td>Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4459</td><td>1350 Penn Avenue, Suite 112</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Pittsburgh, PA 15222</td></tr></table>	<u>Regular Mail</u>	<u>Overnight Delivery</u>	Sit Mutual Funds	Sit Mutual Funds	P. O. Box 534459	Attn: 534459	Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4459	1350 Penn Avenue, Suite 112		Pittsburgh, PA 15222	You may sell shares of one Sit Fund, up to certain limits, and purchase shares of another Sit Fund by calling us at 1-800-332-5580. If you call after business hours, you will need your Personal Identification Number to use the automatic telephone system.	You may sell shares of one Sit Fund, up to certain limits, and purchase shares of another Sit Fund online. Visit www.sitfunds.com to access your account.
<u>Regular Mail</u>	<u>Overnight Delivery</u>											
Sit Mutual Funds	Sit Mutual Funds											
P. O. Box 534459	Attn: 534459											
Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4459	1350 Penn Avenue, Suite 112											
	Pittsburgh, PA 15222											

A letter of instruction must include your account number, the name(s) and the number of shares or dollar amount of the Fund(s) you want to sell and the name(s) of the Fund(s) you want to purchase.

- There is no transaction fee to sell shares of one or more Sit Funds and use the proceeds to buy shares of another Sit Fund.
- Before making an exchange, please read the Prospectus and consider the investment objective of the Fund you are purchasing.
- An exchange of shares is a sale for federal income tax purposes and you may have a taxable capital gain or loss.
- You may set up an Automatic Exchange Plan on your initial account application or on a Change of Account Options Form. The Plan will sell shares of one Sit Fund and invest in another Sit Fund on any day the Funds are open.

ACCOUNT INFORMATION

PRICING OF FUNDS' SHARES

Your price for purchasing, selling, or exchanging shares is based on the Fund's net asset value (NAV) per share, which is calculated as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange (generally 3:00 p.m. Central time) every day the exchange is open. The NAV per share of the Funds will fluctuate. A Fund's NAV per share is calculated by adding the total value of the Fund's investments and other assets (including accrued income), subtracting its liabilities, and dividing by the number of outstanding shares of the Fund.

Pursuant to Rule 2a-5 under the 1940 Act, the Boards have adopted procedures for valuing the Funds' investments and have designated the Adviser as each Fund's "Valuation Designee" to perform all of the fair value determinations as well as to perform all of the responsibilities that may be performed by the Valuation Designee in accordance with Rule 2a-5. Pursuant to the procedures, security valuations for a Fund's investments are furnished by one or more independent pricing services that have been approved by the Boards. In certain situations, the Adviser may use the fair value of a security if prices are unavailable or are deemed unreliable. The Adviser expects to fair value domestic securities in limited circumstances, such as when the securities are subject to restrictions on resale; an event occurs after the close of a securities market (usually a foreign market) and before a Fund values its assets that would materially affect net asset value; and debt securities that have gone into default and for which there is no current market value quotation.

A security that is fair valued may be valued at a price higher or lower than actual market quotations or the value determined by other mutual funds using their own fair valuation procedures. Fair value pricing involves subjective judgments and it is possible that the fair value determined for a security may be different than the value that could be realized upon the sale of that security.

Short-term debt securities of sufficient credit quality maturing in less than 60 days are valued at amortized cost. The amortized cost method of valuation initially values a security at its purchase cost, then consistently adjusts the cost value by amortizing/accreting any discount or premium paid until the security's maturity without regard to fluctuating interest rates.

WHEN ORDERS ARE EFFECTIVE

Purchase, exchange, and sale orders are received and may be accepted only on days the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is open. The customary national business holidays observed by the NYSE are: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King Jr. Day, President's Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Juneteenth National Independence Day, July Fourth, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. Purchase, exchange, and sale orders received in good order by the Funds' transfer agent at its Pittsburgh office (Attn: 534459, 1350 Penn Avenue, Suite 102, Pittsburgh, PA 15222) prior to the close of the NYSE (generally 3:00 p.m. Central time) are processed at the net asset value per share calculated for that business day, except purchases made to an existing account via Automated Clearing House, "ACH," electronic transfer of funds. ACH purchases are invested at the net asset value per share on the next business day (or, if the next business day is a bank holiday, then two business days) after your telephone call to the Funds if you call the Funds prior to the close of the NYSE. Your bank account will be debited within 1 to 2 business days.

If your purchase, exchange, or sale order is received after the close of the NYSE, the purchase, exchange or sale will be made at the net asset value calculated on the next day the NYSE is open.

INVESTING THROUGH FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

There is no charge to invest, exchange, or sell shares when you make transactions directly through Sit Mutual Funds.

The Funds may authorize certain institutions acting as financial intermediaries (including banks, trust companies, brokers and investment advisers), to accept purchase, redemption and exchange orders from their customers on behalf of the Funds. A Fund will be deemed to have received an order when the order is received by the authorized intermediary in good form, and the order will be priced at the Fund's per share NAV next determined, provided that the authorized intermediary forwards the order (and payment for any purchase order) to the Funds (or their transfer agent) within agreed upon time periods. Investors purchasing shares through a financial intermediary should read their account agreements carefully. A financial intermediary's requirements may differ from those listed in this Prospectus. A financial intermediary also may impose account charges, such as asset allocation fees, account maintenance fees and other charges. A financial intermediary may aggregate the amount invested in a Fund by their clients in order to meet the Fund's minimum investment requirement. If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary, the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's web site for more information.

CLASS S AND CLASS Y SHARES

The U.S. Government Securities Fund, Quality Income Fund and Tax-Free Income Fund offer shares in two classes: Class S shares and Class Y shares. Different investment minimums and expenses apply to each share class, and as a result, the investment performance of each will differ. For more information, please refer to the section titled "Buying and Selling Shares" and the "Fees and Expenses of the Fund" subsection within each Fund's summary information.

Converting Shares:

A conversion between share classes of a Fund is a non-taxable event.

Self-directed conversions. You may convert Class S shares into Class Y shares of the same Fund at any time if your account balance in the Fund is at least \$1,000,000. You may call an Investor Service Representative or mail a request to the Funds.

Automatic Conversions. Each of the Funds conducts periodic reviews of account balances and may convert an eligible investor's Class S shares into Class Y shares of the Fund. The Fund will notify the investor in writing before any automatic conversion into Class Y shares. You may instruct the Fund if you do not want to convert to the lower-cost Class Y shares. If an investor no longer meets the requirements for Class Y shares, the Fund may convert the investor's Class Y shares into Class S shares. A decline in the investor's account balance because of redemptions may result in such a conversion. The Fund will notify the investor in writing before any automatic conversion into Class Y shares.

CHECK WRITING

Check writing is available on the Funds at no cost. You may redeem shares by writing checks in amounts of \$250 or more. To use this option, you must complete a checkwriting form. You will be provided with free checks and you may order additional checks as needed. The checkwriting privilege is subject to the Funds' procedures and rules, including the "Conditions of Check Writing" information found on the checkwriting form. The checkwriting privilege may be terminated or suspended, and/or a fee may be imposed for this service at any time without prior notice.

A check that you write will be treated as a sale of shares equal to the amount of the check. You will receive a confirmation of the sale, but your cancelled check will not be returned. You will be entitled to distributions paid on your shares until the check is presented to the Fund for payment.

You cannot liquidate your account using the check writing privilege because your account balance will change each day as a result of dividends and fluctuation of the net asset value per share. If you wish to sell all of your shares, see the "Selling Shares" section.

PURCHASE RESTRICTIONS

The Funds may reject or restrict any purchase or exchange order at any time when, in the judgment of management, it is in the best interests of the Funds. For example, see the discussion regarding “Excessive Trading in Fund Shares” below.

EXCESSIVE TRADING IN FUND SHARES

The Funds discourage excessive short-term trading that could be disruptive to the management of a Fund. When large dollar amounts are involved, a Fund may have difficulty implementing investment strategies, because it cannot predict how much cash it will have to invest. Excessive trading also may force a Fund to sell portfolio securities at disadvantageous times to raise the cash needed to satisfy a redemption request, and may increase brokerage expenses. These factors may hurt a Fund’s performance and its shareholders.

The Funds may, in the Funds’ discretion, reject any purchase or exchange order from a shareholder if the Funds determine that the shareholder’s short-term trading activity is excessive. The Funds’ Boards have approved policies and procedures designed to discourage excessive trading in Fund shares. The Funds monitor purchase orders and investigate orders that exceed certain thresholds and attempt to confirm that the investment is not being made for a short-term, otherwise any such trade will be rejected. The Funds have the right to modify the market timing policy at any time without advance notice. The Funds seek to apply market timing policies and procedures uniformly to all shareholders. The Funds make reasonable efforts to apply these policies and procedures to shareholders who own shares through omnibus accounts, however, it should be noted that the ability of the Funds to monitor and limit excessive short-term trading of shareholders investing in a Fund through the omnibus account of a financial intermediary may be significantly limited or absent where the intermediary maintains the underlying shareholder accounts. Despite our efforts to discourage market timing, there is no guarantee that the Funds or their agents will be able to identify market timers or curtail their trading practices.

SMALL ACCOUNT BALANCES / MANDATORY REDEMPTIONS

If your account balance in a Fund falls below \$5,000 as a result of selling or exchanging shares, the Fund has the right to redeem your shares and send you the proceeds. Before redeeming your account, the Fund will mail you a notice of its intention to redeem, which will give you an opportunity to make an additional investment. If you do not increase the value of your account to at least \$5,000 within 30 days of the date the notice was mailed, the Fund may redeem your account.

INVESTOR SERVICE FEES

Investor Services Representatives can provide many services to you. You will be charged a fee for some customized services, such as researching historical account statements and mailings via overnight delivery services. A schedule of services with applicable fees, if any, is available upon request.

CUSTOMER IDENTIFICATION PROGRAM

Federal law requires the Funds to obtain, verify and record identifying information, which may include the name, residential or business street address, date of birth (for an individual), social security or taxpayer identification number or other identifying information for each investor who opens an account with the Funds. Applications without this information, or without an indication that a social security or taxpayer identification number has been applied for, may not be accepted. After acceptance, to the extent permitted by applicable law or its customer identification program, the Funds reserve the right to: (a) place limits on account transactions until the investor’s identity is verified; (b) refuse an investment in the Funds or (c) involuntarily redeem an investor’s shares and close an account in the event that an investor’s identity is not verified. The Funds and their agents will not be responsible for any loss in an investor’s account resulting from the investor’s delay in providing all required identifying information or from closing an account and redeeming an investor’s shares when an investor’s identity is not verified.

DELIVERY OF REGULATORY DOCUMENTS

Summary Prospectuses. The Summary Prospectus is mailed to you via USPS unless you request to receive the Summary Prospectus electronically by enrolling in “e-delivery.” To enroll in “e-delivery” please log into your account at www.sitfunds.com or call 800-332-5580. You will be notified by email each time a Summary Prospectus is posted to the Sit Mutual Funds website and the email will provide the website address to access the document. You can cancel “e-delivery” at any time, and the Summary Prospectus will be mailed within 30 days of receiving your request.

Fund Shareholder Reports. As required by regulations adopted by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, the Funds transmit tailored annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders that highlight key information deemed important for retail investors to assess and monitor their fund investments. Other information, including financial statements, portfolio holdings, and financial highlights, no longer appear in shareholder reports transmitted to shareholders, but are available online, delivered free of charge upon request, and filed on a semiannual basis on Form N-CSR.

If you previously elected to receive the Funds’ shareholder reports electronically, you will continue to receive them electronically. Otherwise, the Funds’ shareholder reports are mailed to you via USPS. If you would like to receive the Funds’ shareholder reports and other Fund communications electronically instead of by mail, please log into your account at www.sitfunds.com and enroll in “e-delivery” or call 800-332-5580.

Household Delivery of Summary Prospectuses and Annual and Semi-Annual Reports. To reduce expenses, we may mail only one copy of the Summary Prospectus and one copy of each of the Funds’ shareholder reports to an address shared by two or more accounts. If you wish to receive individual paper copies of these documents, please call 800-332-5580, or write to Sit Mutual Funds, Attn: 534459, 500 Ross Street, 154-0520, Pittsburgh, PA 15262. We will begin sending you individual copies 30 days after receiving your request.

PRIVACY POLICY

The Funds take their shareholders’ personal privacy seriously. In order to provide financial products and services, the Funds may collect nonpublic personal information about their shareholders from the following sources:

- > Information we receive from account documentation, including applications, contracts, and other forms which may include (but is not limited to) information such as a shareholder’s name, address, tax identification number or social security number, assets and income;
- > Information about shareholder transactions and communications with the Funds, their affiliates, agents or others which may include (but is not limited to) account numbers, balances, and transaction requests made through transfer agents, custodians or third party intermediaries.

The Funds do not disclose any nonpublic personal information about their shareholders or former shareholders to anyone outside the Funds’ organization except as necessary in order to provide services to their shareholders as permitted by law. For example, we may disclose nonpublic personal information about a shareholder to a non-affiliated company assisting the Funds in servicing accounts such as providing transfer agent services. To safeguard their shareholder’s personal information, the Funds insist that their service providers limit access to personal information to authorized employees and agents and maintain appropriate safeguards.

The Funds restrict access to their shareholders’ nonpublic personal information to those employees who need to know that information to provide products or services to their shareholders. The Funds maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards that comply with federal standards to guard their shareholders’ nonpublic personal information.

This privacy policy does not apply to a shareholder’s relationship with other financial service providers, such as broker dealers, custodians or other third party intermediaries.

DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

Dividends from a Fund's net investment income are paid monthly. Net investment income includes dividends on stocks and interest earned on bonds or other debt securities less operating expenses.

Capital gains, if any, are distributed at least once a year by each Fund. A capital gain occurs if a Fund sells portfolio securities for more than its cost.

If you buy Fund shares just before a capital gain distribution, in effect, you will be "buying the dividend." You will pay the full price for the shares and then receive a portion of that price back as a taxable distribution.

Dividend and capital gain distributions are automatically reinvested in additional shares of the Fund paying the distribution at the net asset value per share on the distribution date. However, you may request that distributions be automatically reinvested in another Sit Mutual Fund, or paid in cash. Such requests may be made on the application, Change of Account Options form, or by written notice to Sit Mutual Funds. You will receive a quarterly statement reflecting the dividend payment and, if applicable, the reinvestment of dividends. If cash payment is requested, an ACH transfer will be initiated, or a check normally will be mailed within five business days after the payable date. No interest will accrue on uncashed distribution, dividend, or sales proceeds checks.

TAXES

Some of the tax consequences of investing in the Funds are discussed below. More information about taxes is in the Statement of Additional Information. Except as otherwise noted, the discussion applies to investors who are U.S. citizens or residents. However, because everyone's tax situation is unique, always consult your tax professional about federal, state and local tax consequences.

TAXES ON DISTRIBUTIONS

Sit U.S. Government Securities Fund and Sit Quality Income Fund: Each Fund pays its shareholders distributions from its net investment income and any net capital gains that it has realized. For most investors, these distributions will be taxable, whether paid in cash or reinvested.

Distributions paid from a Fund's net investment income and net short-term capital gains, if any, are taxable as ordinary income. Distributions paid from a Fund's net capital gains (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital losses), if any, are taxable as long-term capital gains, regardless of how long you have held your shares.

Each Fund expects that its distributions will consist primarily of ordinary income and will not be treated as "qualifying dividends" that are taxed at the same rates as long-term capital gains.

Sit Tax-Free Income Fund and Sit Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund: Each Fund intends to meet certain federal tax requirements so that distributions attributable to the Fund's tax-exempt interest income will be treated as "exempt-interest dividends." These dividends generally are not included in gross income for federal income tax purposes (except to the extent you have borrowed to finance your investment). However, each Fund may invest up to 20% of its net assets in municipal securities subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. Any portion of exempt-interest dividends attributable to interest on these securities may increase some shareholders' federal alternative minimum tax. The Funds expect that their distributions will consist primarily of exempt-interest dividends. Sit Tax-Free Income Fund's exempt-interest dividends will generally be subject to state or local income taxes. Tax-exempt interest income is not included in net investment income for purposes of the federal net investment tax.

Distributions paid from any interest income that is not tax-exempt and from any short-term or long-term capital gains will be taxable whether you reinvest those distributions or receive them in cash. Distributions paid from a Fund's net long-term capital gains, if any, are taxable to you as long-term capital gains, regardless of how long you have held your shares.

Sit Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund: The Fund intends to comply with certain state tax requirements so that dividends it pays that are attributable to interest on Minnesota municipal securities will be excluded from the Minnesota taxable net income of individuals, estates and trusts. To meet these requirements, at least 95% of the exempt-interest dividends paid by the Fund must be derived from interest income on Minnesota municipal securities. A portion of the Fund's dividends may be subject to the Minnesota alternative minimum tax. Exempt-interest dividends are not excluded from taxable income for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax imposed on corporations and financial institutions, nor will they be excludible from taxable income for state income tax purposes for residents of states other than Minnesota.

TAXES ON TRANSACTIONS

A sale of your shares in a Fund is a taxable transaction, on which you will generally recognize a capital gain or loss. If you have held the shares for more than twelve months, the gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss. A gain or loss on shares held for twelve months or less will generally constitute short-term capital gain or loss, except that a capital loss on shares held for six months or less will be recharacterized as long-term capital loss to the extent of any capital gain dividends received on the shares during your holding period or, in the case of the Tax Free Income Fund and the Minnesota Tax Free Income Fund, will be disallowed entirely to the extent of any exempt-interest dividends received on the shares during your holding period. Short-term capital gains are generally taxed at the same rates as ordinary income.

TAX-DEFERRED ACCOUNTS

Taxes on current income can be deferred by investing in Individual Retirement Accounts (IRAs), 401(k), pension, profit sharing, employee benefit, deferred compensation and other qualified retirement plans.

The Funds are available for your tax-deferred retirement plan with a \$2,000 minimum initial investment per Fund and subsequent contributions of at least \$100. Such retirement plans must have a qualified plan sponsor or trustee. Tax-deferred retirement plans include 401(k), profit sharing, and money purchase plans as well as IRA, Roth IRA and SEP-IRAs. You should contact Sit Mutual Funds for specific plan documentation. IRA accounts with balances under \$10,000 will be charged an annual \$15 IRA custodial fee. Account balance minimum and custodial fee amount is subject to change with a 30-day written notice.

The federal tax laws governing these tax-deferred plans must be complied with to avoid adverse tax consequences. You should consult your tax adviser before investing.

Sit Tax-Free Income Fund and Sit Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund earn income that is exempt from federal regular income tax, and therefore may not be suitable investments for tax-deferred accounts.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The tables that follow present performance information about the shares of each Fund. This information is intended to help you understand each Fund's financial performance for the past 5 years. Some of this information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the tables represent the rate that you would have earned or lost on an investment in a Fund, assuming you reinvested all of your dividends and distributions. This information has been derived from the Funds' financial statements, which have been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with the Funds' financial statements, is included in the Funds' Form N-CSR filing, Item 7, which is available upon request.

Financial Highlights — Sit U. S. Government Securities Fund - Class S

Class S	Year Ended March 31,				
	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022
Net Asset Value:					
Beginning of period	\$10.32	\$10.17	\$10.35	\$10.83	\$11.17
Operations:					
Net investment income ¹	0.39	0.38	0.33	0.27	0.10
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments and written options.	0.03	0.16	(0.17)	(0.48)	(0.34)
Total from operations	0.42	0.54	0.16	(0.21)	(0.24)
Distributions from:					
Net investment income.	(0.39)	(0.39)	(0.34)	(0.27)	(0.10)
Net Asset Value					
End of period	\$10.35	\$10.32	\$10.17	\$10.35	\$10.83
Total investment return ²	4.16%	5.38%	1.64%	(1.89%)	(2.16%)
Net assets at end of period (000's omitted)	\$136,422	\$153,834	\$182,150	\$266,067	\$318,439
Ratios: ³					
Expenses	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%
Net investment income.	3.77%	3.74%	3.29%	2.55%	0.90%
Portfolio turnover rate (excluding short-term securities).	12.51%	25.55%	18.08%	56.81%	40.96%

¹ The net investment income per share is based on average shares outstanding for the period.

² Total investment return is based on the change in net asset value of a share during the period (not annualized) and assumes reinvestment of distributions at net asset value.

³ Ratios are annualized for periods less than one year. In addition to fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, the Fund indirectly bears a pro rata share of the fees and expenses of the acquired funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above reported expense ratios.

Financial Highlights — Sit U. S. Government Securities Fund - Class Y

Class Y	Year Ended March 31,				
	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022
Net Asset Value:					
Beginning of period	\$10.31	\$10.17	\$10.35	\$10.83	\$11.17
Operations:					
Net investment income ¹	0.42	0.41	0.36	0.29	0.13
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments and written options.	0.03	0.14	(0.17)	(0.47)	(0.34)
Total from operations	0.45	0.55	0.19	(0.18)	(0.21)
Distributions from:					
Net investment income.	(0.42)	(0.41)	(0.37)	(0.30)	(0.13)
Net Asset Value					
End of period	\$10.34	\$10.31	\$10.17	\$10.35	\$10.83
Total investment return ²	4.42%	5.55%	1.91%	(1.67%)	(1.91%)
Net assets at end of period (000's omitted)	\$60,539	\$58,276	\$65,255	\$91,639	\$109,305
Ratios: ³					
Expenses	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%
Net investment income.	4.03%	3.99%	3.54%	2.80%	1.14%
Portfolio turnover rate (excluding short-term securities).	12.51%	25.55%	18.08%	56.81%	40.96%

¹ The net investment income per share is based on average shares outstanding for the period.

² Total investment return is based on the change in net asset value of a share during the period (not annualized) and assumes reinvestment of distributions at net asset value.

³ Ratios are annualized for periods less than one year. In addition to fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, the Fund indirectly bears a pro rata share of the fees and expenses of the acquired funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above reported expense ratios.

Financial Highlights — Sit Quality Income Fund - Class S

Class S	Year Ended March 31,				
	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022
Net Asset Value:					
Beginning of period	\$9.58	\$9.46	\$9.46	\$9.98	\$10.04
Operations:					
Net investment income ¹	0.40	0.40	0.37	0.28	0.15
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments, written options and futures	0.03	0.12	0.01	(0.33)	(0.05)
Total from operations	0.43	0.52	0.38	(0.05)	0.10
Distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.41)	(0.40)	(0.38)	(0.29)	(0.15)
From net realized gains	—	—	—	(0.18)	(0.01)
Total distributions	(0.41)	(0.40)	(0.38)	(0.47)	(0.16)
Net Asset Value					
End of period	\$9.60	\$9.58	\$9.46	\$9.46	\$9.98
Total investment return ²	4.51%	5.66%	4.05%	(0.47%)	0.92%
Net assets at end of period (000's omitted)	\$25,953	\$22,281	\$31,574	\$34,440	\$135,246
Ratios: ³					
Expenses (without waiver)	0.90% ⁴	0.90% ⁴	0.90% ⁴	0.90%	0.90%
Expenses (with waiver)	0.80% ⁴	0.80% ⁴	0.80% ⁴	0.80%	—
Net investment income (without waiver)	4.12%	4.16%	3.87%	2.76%	1.51%
Net investment income (with waiver)	4.22%	4.26%	3.97%	2.86%	—
Portfolio turnover rate (excluding short-term securities)	48.23%	59.03%	89.98%	109.93%	63.03%

¹ The net investment income per share is based on average shares outstanding for the period.

² Total investment return is based on the change in net asset value of a share during the period (not annualized) and assumes reinvestment of distributions at net asset value.

³ Ratios are annualized for periods less than one year. In addition to fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, the Fund indirectly bears a pro rata share of the fees and expenses of the acquired funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above reported expense ratios.

⁴ Total Fund expenses are limited to 0.90% of average daily net assets. However, during the period above, the investment adviser voluntarily absorbed expenses that were otherwise payable by the Fund.

Financial Highlights — Sit Quality Income Fund - Class Y

Class Y	Year Ended March 31,			
	2026	2025	2024	2023 ¹
Net Asset Value:				
Beginning of period	\$9.59	\$9.48	\$9.48	\$9.97
Operations:				
Net investment income ²	0.43	0.43	0.40	0.32
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments, written options and futures	0.02	0.11	—	(0.32)
Total from operations	0.45	0.54	0.40	—
Distributions from:				
Net investment income	(0.43)	(0.43)	(0.40)	(0.31)
From net realized gains	—	—	—	(0.18)
Total distributions	(0.43)	(0.43)	(0.40)	(0.49)
Net Asset Value				
End of period	\$9.61	\$9.59	\$9.48	\$9.48
Total investment return ³	4.77%	5.82%	4.42%	(0.11%)
Net assets at end of period (000's omitted)	\$111,457	\$113,285	\$101,751	\$110,243
Ratios: ⁴				
Expenses (without waiver)	0.65% ⁵	—	—	—
Expenses (with waiver)	0.55% ⁵	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%
Net investment income (without waiver)	4.36%	—	—	—
Net investment income (with waiver)	4.46%	4.52%	4.24%	3.28%
Portfolio turnover rate (excluding short-term securities)	48.23%	59.03%	89.98%	109.93%

¹ The inception date of Class Y shares was March 31, 2022.

² The net investment income per share is based on average shares outstanding for the period.

³ Total investment return is based on the change in net asset value of a share during the period (not annualized) and assumes reinvestment of distributions at net asset value.

⁴ Ratios are annualized for periods less than one year. In addition to fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, the Fund indirectly bears a pro rata share of the fees and expenses of the acquired funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above reported expense ratios.

⁵ Total Fund expenses are limited to 0.65% of average daily net assets. However, during the period above, the investment adviser voluntarily absorbed expenses that were otherwise payable by the Fund.

Financial Highlights — Sit Tax-Free Income Fund - Class S

Class S	Year Ended March 31,				
	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022
Net Asset Value:					
Beginning of period	\$8.59	\$8.64	\$8.54	\$9.20	\$9.91
Operations:					
Net investment income ¹	0.33	0.31	0.30	0.27	0.27
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments and futures	0.10	(0.05)	0.10	(0.66)	(0.71)
Total from operations	0.43	0.26	0.40	(0.39)	(0.44)
Distributions from:					
Net investment income.	(0.34)	(0.31)	(0.30)	(0.27)	(0.27)
Net Asset Value					
End of period	\$8.68	\$8.59	\$8.64	\$8.54	\$9.20
Total investment return ²	5.05%	3.03%	4.88%	(4.17%)	(4.62%)
Net assets at end of period (000's omitted)	\$81,410	\$95,858	\$100,185	\$126,041	\$185,151
Ratios: ³					
Expenses	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%
Net investment income.	3.83%	3.61%	3.54%	3.18%	2.68%
Portfolio turnover rate (excluding short-term securities).	27.42%	26.81%	21.77%	15.05%	20.78%

¹ The net investment income per share is based on average shares outstanding for the period.

² Total investment return is based on the change in net asset value of a share during the period (not annualized) and assumes reinvestment of distributions at net asset value.

³ Ratios are annualized for periods less than one year. In addition to fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, the Fund indirectly bears a pro rata share of the fees and expenses of the acquired funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above reported expense ratios.

Financial Highlights — Sit Tax-Free Income Fund - Class Y

Class Y	Year Ended March 31,			Period Ended	
	2026	2025	2024	2023	March 31, 2022 ¹
Net Asset Value:					
Beginning of period	\$8.59	\$8.64	\$8.54	\$9.20	\$10.04
Operations:					
Net investment income ²	0.35	0.34	0.32	0.30	0.24
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments and futures	0.10	(0.06)	0.11	(0.67)	(0.84)
Total from operations	0.45	0.28	0.43	(0.37)	(0.60)
Distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.36)	(0.33)	(0.33)	(0.29)	(0.24)
Net Asset Value					
End of period	\$8.68	\$8.59	\$8.64	\$8.54	\$9.20
Total investment return ³	5.29%	3.29%	5.13%	(3.93%)	(6.06%)
Net assets at end of period (000's omitted)	\$47,541	\$60,168	\$63,705	\$117,115	\$169,263
Ratios: ⁴					
Expenses	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%
Net investment income	4.08%	3.86%	3.79%	3.43%	3.57%
Portfolio turnover rate (excluding short-term securities).	27.42%	26.81%	21.77%	15.05%	20.78%

¹ The inception date of Class Y shares was June 1, 2021.

² The net investment income per share is based on average shares outstanding for the period.

³ Total investment return is based on the change in net asset value of a share during the period (not annualized) and assumes reinvestment of distributions at net asset value.

⁴ Ratios are annualized for periods less than one year. In addition to fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, the Fund indirectly bears a pro rata share of the fees and expenses of the acquired funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above reported expense ratios.

Financial Highlights — Sit Minnesota Tax-Free Income Fund - Class S

	Year Ended March 31,				
	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022
Net Asset Value:					
Beginning of period	\$9.29	\$9.47	\$9.43	\$9.94	\$10.68
Operations:					
Net investment income ¹	0.32	0.30	0.29	0.27	0.27
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments and futures	0.27	(0.18)	0.04	(0.49)	(0.74)
Total from operations	0.59	0.12	0.33	(0.22)	(0.47)
Distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.32)	(0.30)	(0.29)	(0.27)	(0.27)
From net realized gains	—	—	—	(0.02)	—
Total distributions	(0.32)	(0.30)	(0.29)	(0.29)	(0.27)
Net Asset Value					
End of period	\$9.56	\$9.29	\$9.47	\$9.43	\$9.94
Total investment return ²	6.52%	1.24%	3.64%	(2.08%)	(4.56%)
Net assets at end of period (000's omitted)	\$383,874	\$389,330	\$405,984	\$466,995	\$628,164
Ratios: ³					
Expenses	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%
Net investment income	3.46%	3.15%	3.15%	2.90%	2.50%
Portfolio turnover rate (excluding short-term securities)	20.06%	10.29%	5.34%	8.50%	20.82%

¹ The net investment income per share is based on average shares outstanding for the period.

² Total investment return is based on the change in net asset value of a share during the period (not annualized) and assumes reinvestment of distributions at net asset value.

³ Ratios are annualized for periods less than one year. In addition to fees and expenses which the Fund bears directly, the Fund indirectly bears a pro rata share of the fees and expenses of the acquired funds in which it invests. Such indirect expenses are not included in the above reported expense ratios.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

If you have any questions about the Funds or would like more information, please contact the Funds as noted below. You may obtain a free copy of the Funds' Statement of Additional Information ("SAI"), annual or semi-annual reports, and Form N-CSR on the Funds' website at www.sitfunds.com or by contacting the Funds as noted below.

The SAI contains more details about the Funds and their investment policies. The SAI is incorporated in this Prospectus by reference.

The annual and semi-annual reports contain additional information about the Funds' investments, costs and performance during its most recent six- or 12-month periods, as applicable.

The Form N-CSR contains the Funds' annual and semi-annual financial statements.

ONLINE

www.sitfunds.com or via email at info@sitinvest.com

TELEPHONE

1-800-332-5580

Investor Services Representatives are available Monday through Friday 8:00 to 5:00 p.m. Central Time.

MAIL

Regular Mail: Sit Mutual Funds, P.O. Box 534459, Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4459

Overnight Delivery: Sit Mutual Funds, Attn: 534459, 1350 Penn Avenue, Suite 102, Pittsburgh, PA 15262

TO WIRE MONEY FOR A PURCHASE

Contact the Funds at 1-800-332-5580 for wire instructions.

CONTACT THE SEC

You can go to the EDGAR database on the SEC's web site at www.sec.gov to view these and other documents that Sit Mutual Funds has filed electronically with the SEC.

You can also receive copies of this information for a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following email address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

1940 Investment Company Act File Nos.:
Sit U.S. Government Securities Fund, Inc. 811-04995
Sit Mutual Funds II, Inc. 811-04033